Rs 185 buys you a Royal West End Cycle complete.
Strongly recommended by
WELLINGTON CYCLE Co.
Bombay & Poona.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

THE BRAND OF HIGH GRADE QUALITY.
It is made to give satisfaction.
It is bound to give satisfaction.
It does give satisfaction
WELLINGTON CYCLE Co.
Bombay & Poona.

VOL. VI. NO. 298 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1918. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING.

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA

(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE

P. & O. SAILINGS,

TO LONDON.

Date about.	Steamers.	Tons.
1918		
16th December	Chanda ..	6169
1919		
11th January ..	Nagova ..	6854
25th " ..	Nore ..	6766

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Date about.	Steamer.	Tons.
1919		
16th January ..	Dunera ..	3414

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

Date abou	Steamers.	
1918		
12th December ..	Ban. Hong Lkong	Mahomeran and Basra direct
15th " ..	Chakla ..	Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports.
15th " ..	Dumra ..	Karachi via Cutch Mandvi only.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage for P. & O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN, VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer	Commander.	Tons.	Date of arrival.	Date of departure.
Kosaka Maru.	H Nagahiro ..	3187	24th Dec 1918.	3rd Jan. 1919.
Hakuba Maru.	K. Ikuno ..	3045	28th Dec 1918	6th Jan. 1919.
Yubari Maru.	T. Ohta ..	2957	1st Jan. 1919.	9th Jan. 1919.
Totomi Maru	G. Matsushita .	3356	6th Jan. 1919.	16th Jan. 1919.

For Freight apply to:
T. KAWAGUCHI,
Manager.
Alice Building,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

(THE OSAKA MERCANTILE STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)
(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.
Fleet—167 Vessels Gross Tonnage 462,000.
Regular service from Bombay to Japan Italy and Marseilles.

Steamer.	Commander.	Arrival	Departure.	Destination
			Dec.	
Saigon-Maru.	S. Kondo	7th Dec.	29th "	Marseilles
Celebes Maru.	M Nemoto	18th "	....	Japan
Kofuku Maru.	N. Wakatake	21st "	....	"

For freight apply to
M. UCHIYAMA,
Manager.
Ajam Building, Ballard Road,
Fort, Bombay.

DROPS OF INK !
MAKE MILLIONS THINK !
and to write with a bad Ink.
IS A BLUNDER.
"Inkotine" marks the highest perfection in Ink making
Try and reap its benefit.
G.S. RANADE & CO.,
BOMBAY NO. 2.

BANKING.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)
Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.
Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,600,000
Reserve Fund £1,350,000

Head Office:
49, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Mombasa
Bombay	Rangoon	Nairobi
Madras	Mandalay	Nakuru
Karachi	Colombo	Kisumo
Lahore	Kandy	Jinja
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Kampala
Delki	Aden (Camp)	Entebbe
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Tanga, East Africa
Tuticorin	Zanzibar	Dar-es-Salam, East Africa
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—
The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:—
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for Approved Customers and Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000. But no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, Africa, America and Australia or purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

(Registered in Japan.)
ESTABLISHED 1886.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 42,000,000
Reserved Fund ..... Yen 24,300,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at
Bombay, Buenos Aires, Calcutta, Changchun, Chi-Nan, Dairen, Frengtien, Hankow, Harbin Hongkong, Honolulu, Kaiyuan, Koke, London, Los Angeles, Lyons, Manila, Nagasaki, Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Peking, Rangoon, San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Shimonoseki, Singapore, Soerabaya, Sydney, Tientsin, Tokio, Tsingtao.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager, Bombay.

Post Box No. 207, Hornby Road, Bombay.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL $15,000,00
STERLING RESERVE FUND ... £1,500,000 at 2/ } $15,000,000
SILVER RESERVE FUND $10,500,00
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS $15,000,00

HEAD OFFICE—Hongkong.
LONDON OFFICE—9, Gracechurch Street. E. C.
BOMBAY OFFICE—40, Churchgate Street.

OTHER BRANCHES:

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Soerabaya
Colombo	Manila	Tientsin
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Hankow	New York	Vladivostock.
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkew	Penang	Yokohama
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent per annum provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for varyin periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centre of the World.

GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE business undertaken.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

BANKING.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.
Temporary Office—Wallace Street, Fort, Bombay.
Branches—Calcutta and Hyderabad (Deccan).
LONDON AGENTS: LLOYDS BANK LIMITED.
NEW YORK AGENTS, THE GUARANTY TRUST COY. OF NEW YORK.

Authorised Capital ..... Rs. 12,00,00,000
Subscribed Capital ..... Rs. 7,00,70,550
Paid-up Capital ..... Rs. 69,98,990

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
Sir D. J. Tata, Kt., Chairman.
Sir Sassoon David, Bart.
Sir R. N. Mookerjee, K.C.I.E.
Sir Francis Stewart, Kt.
Sir Stanley Reed, Kt., LL.D.
R. D. Tata, Esq.,
F. E. Dinshaw, Esq.,
F. C. Rimington, Esq.,
Narottam Morarjee, Esq.,
Hajee Gulam Mahomed Ajam, Esq.,
The Hon'ble Mr. Purshottamdas Thakordas.
A. J. Bilimoria, Esq.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily credit balances from Rs. 500/- to Rs. 1,00,000/- at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum. If the balance to the credit of any account does not fall below Rs. 25,000/- at any time between 1st January and 30th June, interest will be allowed during that period at 2½ per cent. per annum. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3/- Half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS. Interest allowed on Deposits fixed for one or two years and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK. Interest allowed on Savings Bank Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules may be obtained on application.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved Securities.

PURCHASES AND SALES of Securities and Shares effected.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased and collected and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

J. PAGAN DALZELL,
Acting Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... Rs. 1,00,00,00
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 50,00,00
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 12,00,00

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2¼ per cent per annum from December 1st to May 31st and 2 per cent. per annum for the remainin six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,00 interest is allowed by special arrangement. N interest will be allowed which does not amoun to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

transacted, rules for which can be obtained on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

HEAD OFFICE.
Byculla, Mandvi and Sandhurst Road,
Sub-Branches.
SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 2,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of four per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 10,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

R. AITKEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

INSURANCE.

EMPIRE OF INDIA

LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.

Funds exceed .. .. Rs, 1,20,00,000
Claims paid exceeds .. Rs. 36,00,000
Annual Income exceeds Rs. 25,00,000

All classes of Life Assurance Transacted. Prospectus and quotations to meet individual requirements may be obtained on application.

ALLUM BHARUCHA & Co.,
Managers.

INSURANCE.

THE ORIENTAL

GOVERNMENT SECURITY-LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1874.

INDIA'S Model Life Assurance Company.

FUNDS OVER Rs. 5,70,00,000 | CLAIMS PAID OVER Rs. 5,00,00,000

The Question of the Moment.

Have you made adequate and secure provision for your wife and family or for old age? If not, effect a Policy with the "ORIENTAL" without a further moment's delay.

Low Premiums. Absolute Security.
Liberal Conditions.

Full particulars and forms on application.

R. PATERSON BROWN,
Manager.
Oriental Buildings, BOMBAY.

THE BHARAT INSURANCE Co. LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1896.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:—Lahore, Delhi, Rawalpindi, Ajmere, Nagpur, Lucknow, Bankipore, Calcutta, Poona, Bangalore, Mangalore, Sukkur, Karachi, Quetta, Dacca, Bombay.

Funds exceed ..... Rs. 27,00,000
Surplus about ..... Rs. 1,00,000
Claims paid exceed ..... Rs. 20,00,000

Specialities: Moderate premia, ready convertibility, prompt payment, Female lives insured, etc.

Pushing agents wanted all over India.

K. C. VIDYARTHI,
Manager, B. I. Co., Ltd.,
(Bharat Buildings)
Lahore.

Poona Chief Agents:—
Messrs. B. N. SATHE & BROTHERS.
224, Budhwar Peth,
Poona City.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1878.

No. 315 Hornby Road, opposite J. N. Petti Library.
Funded Capital Rs. 2,32,000.
Investments in Government and approved Securities only.
Regular Deposit with the Controller of Currency of the Government of India in terms of the Insurance Act.
The Accounts are subject to strict audit according to Indian Companies Act.
Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality, Investigation and Valuation is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.
The object is to make provision for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. 30 per cent. Surrender Value in case the wife predeceased. Twelve months grace if occupation is lost.
Commission to canvassers.
For details apply for a copy of Rules to—
GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

SALE BY AUCTION.

J. S. MODY & CO.

20, APOLLO STREET, FORT.
Telephone No. 3409.

AUCTION SALE OF 130 BALES COTTON.
On FRIDAY, the 20th day of December, 1918, at 5 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., will sell by Public Auction, by order of Messrs. Premsukhdas Morlidhar, at their Bhoongi in Cotton Market, Colaba, and on account and at the risk of Sha. Harukhchand Amulukh Cotton and Piece-Goods Merchant trading at Clock Lane of Mulji Jaitha Market, who failed to pay margin money.
117 bales Rangur Staple Cotton.
13 bales Limbdi Staple Cotton.
The above bales are on view at Messrs. Uderam Premsukh's Godown, No. 1, at Victoria Bunder.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale and the balance will have to be paid and bales taken delivery of within two days from the date of sale.

AUCTION SALE of Large Quantity of Woollen and Cotton Clothing, Blankets, Socks, Unserviceable Army Boots, etc.
By order of the Officer-in-Charge, Clothing Depot, Bombay, Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. will sell by Public Auction, To-morrow, on WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of December, 1918, at 9-30 a.m. (S. T.), at "H." Shed grain Depot, Mazagon.
A large quantity of woollen and cotton Army Clothing, Blankets, Socks, Unserviceable Army Boots, etc.
Cash will be required on the lots being knocked down and the lots will have to be removed within 24 hours.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 17th December, 1918.

SALE BY AUCTION.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.

Auctioneers to the Government and G. I. P. Railway.
No. 25 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 1288.

AUCTION SALE OF 34 BALES YARN No. 6½.
On WEDNESDAY, the 18th instant, at 12-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Tambakanta, by order of the Asar Virji Mills, Ltd., and on account and at the risk of Seth Mafatlal Jamnadas:—
34 bales each 400 lbs. yarn No. 6½ Bhatia Ticket.

AUCTION SALE OF 14 PACKAGES ENGLISH-MADE WHITE DHOTEES.
On WEDNESDAY, the 18th instant, at 2 p.m. (B. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraj Gully at Champa Gully, Mulji Jetha Market, by order of Seth Mohanlal Keshavlal and on account and at the risk of Seth Amarsey Ranji, insolvent:—
14 packages each 280 pairs English-made white Dhotees No. Standing Parsi or other 3/11 yards.

AUCTION SALE OF 5 PACKAGES FANCY, SUPERIOR, FINE WHITE DHOTEES.
On THURSDAY, the 19th instant, at 2 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraj Gully at Champa Gully, Mulji Jetha Market, by order of Messrs. Manilal Narottam and Co. and on account and at the risk of Thacker Haridas Mulji:—
Ex. S. S. "Clanmeguware."
M N/ W879—6611/15—5 packages each 150 pairs fancy, superior, fine white Dhotees quality of Indent No. 579, 8 to 10 yards.

AUCTION SALE OF 10 BALES SHEETING CALENDARS OF THE FRAMJI PETIT MILLS.
On THURSDAY, the 19th instant, at 3-15 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraj Gully at Champa Gully, Mulji Jetha Market, by order of Messrs. Narandas Kakubhai and Co. and on account and at the risk of Messrs. N. Jeshtharam and Co., of Mangaldas Market:—
5 bales Sheeting Calendars of the Framji Petit Mills No. 3425, 8½ lbs.
1 bale Sheeting Calendars of the Framji Petit Mills No. 3425, 9 lbs.
3 bales Sheeting Calendars of the Framji Petit Mills No. 3325, 9½ lbs.

AUCTION SALE OF 5 CASES TURKEY RED (KASUMBO).
On THURSDAY, the 19th instant, at 3-45 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraj Gully, at Champa Gully, Mulji Jetha Market, by order of Messrs. H. G. and Co.:—
5 cases Turkey Red (Kasumbo) No. 5555 or other.

AUCTION SALE OF 1 PACKET BRILLIANT DIAMONDS.
On MONDAY, the 23rd instant, at 2 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction, by order of Seth K. M. Nathu at the shop of Seth Raichand Motichand at Zaveri Bazar and on account and at the risk of the Firm of London:—
1 packet 123 carats Brilliant Diamonds rising 3 to 5, 10 to 12 and 30 to 50 in a carat.
The above packet will be sold in lots convenient to buyers.

MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 17th December, 1918.

MESSRS. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
22, Medows Street.

SALE OF JAPANESE ARTISTIC BRONZEWARE, IVORY CARVINGS, FINE PORCELAIN AND SATSUMA SUITABLE FOR PRESENTATION AND DECORATION.
Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., will, on THURSDAY, the 19th day of December, 1918, sell by Public Auction at their Sales Rooms at 3 p.m. (S. T.).
A collection of Japanese works of art consisting of artistically made bronze figures of tigers, lions, elephants and of other animals, bronze koros, Pekin clo onne and enamelled incense burners and vases, skilfully carved ivory figures of birds, animals and men, satsuma articles in enamelled colours, fine Imari and Kutani porcelain decorated in rich colours, enamelled cloisonne bowls and vases and many other works of art suitable for presentation and collection.
Also a small collection of Chinese works of Art consisting of carved jade plaques fitted in frames, jade bangles, chrystal snuff bottles, valuable jade bowls and figures; old and rare pictures painted on silk including a lot of netsukes.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 17th December, 1918.

JUST RECEIVED

A FRESH CONSIGNMENT
OF
THE RARE and BEAUTIFUL
Plain XL Crepe-de Chine
IN
ALL THE LATEST SHADES AND GRADES
suitable for
LADIES DRESSES.
AHMED E. ESAALI,
Empire Building, Fort, BOMBAY.

SALE BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & CO.'S SALES.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS, BOMBAY.
No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
Tel. No. 321.

THE BEST OPPORTUNITY TO MILL OWNERS AND COTTON MERCHANTS. SALE OPPOSITE THE GOODS SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE G. I. P. RAILWAY, WARI BUNDER.
The sale of about 2,000 bales and loose Cotton of the recent fire which occured at Warehouse No 3 of the Princes Docks.
Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction TO-MORROW Wednesday the 18th, December 1918 at 3 p.m., (S.T.), opposite the Goods Superintendent's Office G. I. P. Railway Wari Bunder where the Salvage is removed for sale.
About 2,000 Full pressed Bales and loose Cotton the recent fire at Ware house No. 3, Prince's Docks which occurred on 13th November 1918, comprising of Indian Bengal, Comra, Karachi Western Tuticorin P. P. Cotton raws and Cocanada (slightly damaged by fire and water.)
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 17th Dec., 1918.

MENESSE & CO.

NO. 35, HUMMUM STEET, FORT.
Telephone No. 4083.

AUCTION SALE OF OLD AND UNSERVICEABLE MATERIALS AND STORES AT THE G. I. P. RAILWAY STORES DEPOT, PAREL.
On WEDNESDAY, the 18th December, 1918, at 1-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MENESSE and Co., are instructed to sell by Pubic Auction, at the G. I. P. Railway Company's Stores Depot, Parel.
A quantity of old and unserviceable materials and stores, consisting of empty casks, K. oil tins, lamps of sorts, bracelets, drums, paint kegs, varnish tins, C. I. buckets, forges, old files, hcop iron, trolly wheels, Manilla rope, leather cuttings, cloth cuttings, canvas and leather pipes, I. R. piping and rubber pipes, vacuum pipes, clocks and watches, leather, hammers, augers, locks, glass scrap, ink bottles, empty tin lining and sundry other stores.
A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required when the lots are knocked down and the balance must be paid and the materials removed within 14 days from the day of sale failing which ground rent will be charged by the Railway Company.

MENESSE & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 17th Dec., 1918.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
No. 52, Medows Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF 245 BALES YARN.
On FRIDAY, the 20th December, 1918, at 1 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, at Tamba Kanta, Pydhowni, at the shop of Sheth Vithaldas Bhawanidas, by his order and on account and at the risk of Messrs. N. M. Rayalco Iyer Nagasamy Iyer and Co.:—
157 bales Yarn No. 20s. Currimbhoy Ebrahim and Sons, Ltd.'s Mills, Oil Seller Ticket, Flower Tie, each 400 lbs.
88 bales Yarn No. 20is. Currimbhoy Ebrahim and Sons, Ltd.'s Mills, Africa Ticket, Flower Tie, each 400 lbs.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

GANDHI & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 17th December, 1918.

BOMBAY AUCTION COMPANY,

22, Churchgate Street.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE.
Sale on WEDNESDAY, the 18th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), the Bombay Auction Company will sell by Public Auction at their Room No. 23, Churchgate Street, the household furniture and several lot of jewellery.
Furniture such as:—Cabinets, almyrah, drawing room suites, writing tables, showcase, dressing table, phonographs, record, mincing matching, etc.
By the order of same merchants:—Several lots of jewellery set with diamonds, rubies and emeralds, etc., and some lots of pearl ornaments.
A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.
Property on view.

BOMBAY AUCTION CO.,
Auctioneers,
Bombay, 17th December, 1918.

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

ASK FOR SAMPLES.—LATEST CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR CARDS and DIARIES can be had at whole sale rate at.
INDIAN BOOK DEPOT,
65, Medow Street,
Fort, Bombay.

EVERYTHING CHEAP and the best is sold daily or auctioned on every FRIDAY, at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.), at MEHTA & Co., 85, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

FORD AUTOMOBILES (India) Ltd. Hughes Road, Bombay. Call in and see us or write or wire us for everything for your Ford Car. Spare Part. Price List free on application. Telegrams: "Autoford Bombay". Telephone 707.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A competent CHAUFFER for Beltsize Motor. Apply GURMUKHRAI SUKHANAND, Mumbadevi, Zaveri Bazaar, with testimonials. 3625

WANTED—SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEONS for the Baroda State Service in permanent employ. Apply to the CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER, Baroda State with copies of testimonials. 346

WANTED—An OVERSEER with experience in Ferro Concrete Construction. Apply in writing stating salary required and enclosing copies of certificates to the DEPUTY CHIEF ENGINEER, Alexandra Dock, Ballard Road, Port Trust. 3629

WANTED—For service on the Uganda Railway Administration three GOANESE STEAMER CLERKS. Salary Rs. 120 to Rs. 180 according to qualifications; also fifteen STATION MASTERS on a salary of Rs. 100 per mensem and fifteen ASSISTANT STATION MASTERS and SIGNALLERS on Rs. 90 and Rs. 75 per mensem respectively. Only men with five years' Railway experience in the former and three years' experience in latter case need apply with copies of testimonials (which will not be returned) to MAJOR M. GALLAGHER, D.S.O. C/o Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co., Nicol Road, Bombay. 3547

WANTED.

WANTED—A FINANCING PARTNER to work a card in Old Share Bazar, Bombay. Prospects of very good income. Apply Box No. 1267, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3627

WANTED—A decent set of ROOMS, suitable for an office in Elphinstone Circle, Meadows Street, or in one of the business quarters in the Fort from January, 1919. Reasonable rent. (2) A HANDSOME TURN OUT (VICTORIA and a good looking fast MARE or HORSE). Please communicate with the PROPRIETOR, The Calcutta Bombay Trading Co., 7, Lamington Road, Bombay

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE LAND for building a bungalow, area 4½ acres, facing the Government House at Kirkee, Poona, Price and other particulars on application to Box No. 1270, the Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 3634

FOR SALE—Two big GODOWNS, near Alexandra Docks. Apply Box No. 1266. Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3620

TO MINERAL WATER MANUFACTURERS.—FOR SALE.—One Riley's Patent Rotary Filling Machine, very little used. Cost originally £60, open to offer. Reply to Box. No. 1256 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3560

GENUINE British-made Royal WEST END CYCLES at Rs. 185 Gent; Lady's Rs 195; Boy's Rs. 180. The right present for friends and relations. Strongly recommended by WELLINGTON CYCLISTS, Bombay Poona. 3587

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE at a considerable reduced rate. The Vendor has now reduced the rate from Rs. 250 to Rs. 225 per sq. yard of the 1,500 sq. yards of Pension and Tax land at Sandhurst Bridge Road. Apply sharp to MHATRE'S ART STUDIO, Chowpatty. 3623

FOR SALE—An "ATTEMPERATOR" or appliance for regulating the temperature of wash while undergoing fermentation, quite new, made of copper pipes with bronze flanges, weighing about 20 maunds, cost price Rs. 3,000. For any further particulars apply to THE CHIEF EXCISE OFFICER, Kotah State, Kotah, Rajputana. 3618

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

DR. J. I. De QUADROS, Consulting Physician and Surgeon, has resumed his practice and may be consulted at the following places:—
KEMP & CO., LTD., Byculla,
From 7 to 10 a.m. and 4 to 7 p.m. daily.
KEMP & CO., LTD., Taj Mahal Hotel,
From 10-30 to 11.30 daily.
Telephone No. 970. 3617

NOTICE.

WANTED—Lowest nett quotations for all models of the following makes of cycles, with 24 inch frames, complete with 28 by 1½ inch Dunlop Heavy Roadster Tyres, Lucas Silver King Lamp, Lucas 61 Bell, B/90 or 91 Saddle, best 12 inch Lucas or Dunlop Pump, Edie Coaster Hub, and front Rim Brake, usual kit of spanners, oilcan etc.
B. S. A.; TRIUMPH, WEARWELL; NEW HUDSON; HOBART; BEESTON HUMBER; TRIUMPH; ROYAL ENFIELD.
About one hundred cycles will be purchased in one lot. Apply to the SUPDT., Municipality, Kolhapur, stating time of delivery. 3575

HOME RULE LEAGUE, BOMBAY.

MEMBERS are hereby requested to let us know as early as possible if they intend to attend the ensuing session of the Indian National Congress at Delhi as delegates.
HON. SECRETARIES.
251, Hornby Road, Fort.
Bombay, 15th December, 1918.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

FREE HELP.
TO
FAMINE-STRICKEN PEOPLE, CATTLE AND BIRDS.

THE BOMBAY KARIANA MERCHANT ASSOCIATION has opened a FAMIN RELIEF FUND, to help people, cattle and birds in the present famine year. Therefore any village from Cutch, Kathiawar, Guzerat Mewad and Marwad, that may be in need such help may apply to the undersigned.
SHAH PARMANAND RATANJEE,
THAKAR TULSIDAS TEJPAL,
Joint Hon. Secretaries.
Famine Relief Fund Committee.
The Bombay Kariana Merchants Association Samuel Street, Bombay, 3.
Dated 15th Nov. 1918.

LEGAL NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai JUMNABAI, daughter of Gordhandas Doongersey and widow of Thackur Jamnadas Vasanji and Bai Gangabai, daughter of Gordhandas Doongersey and wife of Thacker Vasanji Naranji, the executrices of the Will with a codicil thereto of Manibai, widow of Thacker Gordhandas Doongersey, and daughter of Moolji Anandji have contracted to sell to the purchaser who is our client the undermentioned property:—
All persons having any claim or interest thereto or therein or in or to any part thereof, either by way of gift, inheritance, mortgage, charge, lease, lien, trust or otherwise howsoever, are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at No. 65, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, failing which, the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claim or interest and the same, if any, will be treated as waived.
DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.
All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the quit and ground rent tenure together with the messuage tenement or building standing thereon, situate at Bora Bazar Street, within the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 227 square yards of thereabouts (be it more or less) and Registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 551, New No. 5615, Old Survey No. 1/850, New Survey No. 8851 and bounded as follows:—that is to say on or towards the East by the aforesaid Bora Bazar Street, on or towards the West by the property of Thucker Goculdas Vullabhadas, on or towards the North by Mangesh Senoy Street, and on or towards the South by the property of Thucker Wooka Mohanjee and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward No. 2322 and Street Nos. 352-354-356 and were formerly and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendors.
Bombay, 12th Dec., 1918.
EDGELOW GULABCHAND WADIA & CO.
3632 Purchaser's Attorneys.

AMUSEMENTS.

IMPERIAL
The Premier Picture Palace of Bombay
TO-NIGHT
SECOND INSTALMENT OF THE FINEST SERIAL OF THE YEAR
"The House of Hate"
"The House of Hate"
"The House of Hate"
Featuring
PATHE'S PEERLESS FEARLESS GIRL
Pearl White
The world's greatest serial star
PATHE'S GAZETTE
Topical.
HERE AND THERE IN TEXAS
Travel.
SICK 'EM TOWSER
Comic by Luke.
TIME:—7, 8-45 and 10-30 p. m. daily.
MATINEE: Every Sat. Sunday 5-30 p.m
EXTRA SHOW: Every Sunday 3-30 p.
POPULAR PRICES.

YOUR FAVOURITE PICTURE PALACE
THE MAJESTIC
presents during the week
The Final Instalment Episodes 15 & 16
of the Glorious Universal Serial
THE RED ACE
featuring
MARIE WALCAMP
also
The Universal Screen Magazine
and
A Screaming L.K.O. Comedy
TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

NEW ALEXANDRA
Near Crawford Market.
TO-NIGHT!
LAST INSTALMENT!
Final Chapters!
OF THE STIRRING SERIAL
THE RED ACE
featuring
Marie Walcamp
Episodes 15th and 16th.
3 Shows Nightly at 7, 8-45 and 10-15 (S.T.)

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EMPIRE
TO-DAY at 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 & 10 p.m.
Special Matinee at 4-30 for Mahomedan Holiday
TWO FINAL EPISODES!
The Adventures of STINGAREE
THE GENTLEMAN BUSH-RANGER
THIS WEEK STINGAREE'S ADVENTURES COME TO AN END
WHAT IS HIS LAST?
YOU WILL BE BOTH SURPRISED AND GLAD TO KNOW!
SEE PATHE FRERES TOPICAL FILM
The First American War Topical to reach India:
"THE WHISPERING WIRES OF WAR"
Illustrating the use of telephones and telegraphs in the War.

LAST 3 NIGHTS
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
HUMPHREY-BISHOP
COMEDY AND OPERATIC Co.
14 ARTISTES 14 ARTISTES
IN THEIR ORIGINAL AND UNIQUE ENTERTAINMENT
SCORE ANOTHER HUGE SUCCESS!!
IN THEIR NEW PROGRAMME
To-Night 9-30 To-Night
"WEDGWOOD CLASSICS"
including
THE FAMOUS QUARTETTE FROM RIGOLETTO, PEER GYNT DANCE, DUET TRIO, PROLOGUE PAGLIACCI—
and
NEW VERSION
"TIT-BITS FROM VAUDEVILLE"
(No. 4)
THURSDAY NEXT
Last Night of the Season
SPECIAL PROGRAMME
PRICES—Night:—Orchestra Stalls Rs. 5, Stalls Rs. 4, D. Circle Rs. 3, Balcony Rs. 2, Gallery Re. 1 and Boxes from Rs. 15 and upwards. Matinee:—O. Stalls Rs. 3, Stalls Rs. 2, D. Circle Re. 1-8, Balcony Re. 1, Gallery As. 8 and Boxes from Rs. 12 and upwards.
TO-DAY PLANS OPEN AT ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

To-day at 6-30 p.m. only.
SPLENDID NEW PICTURES
Including a 5-reel Drama
"MASTER OF MEN"
A picturization of E. Phillip Oppenheim's Greatest Novel. Showing how a young man becomes an inventor which brings him fame and is elected a labour member to the parliament where he rises to prominence which gains him an offer of a position in the Cabinet. During this period he neglects his wife which he realises later and gives up his career in preference to this duty. In the end will be seen the happy pair blessed with a son and heir.
Popular Prices:—Re. 1, Ans. 8 and 4. Box seats Rs. 2. Family Boxes for 4 Rs. 5.
IT SHOULD BE NOTED THAT TAXI CARS AND VICTORIAS ARE ALWAYS AVAILABLE AT THE DOORS OF ROYAL OPERA HOUSE AT THE CLOSE OF ALL PERFORMANCES. IF THE PATRONS DESIRE THE STAFF WILL SECURE VEHICLES FOR THEM. IT IS INADVISABLE TO LEAVE THE PRESCINCTS IN THE EXPECTATION OF GETTING A CHANCE CONVEYANCE.

THE EXCELSIOR
Lessees:—The Excelsior Theatres Co. Ltd.
9-30 TO-NIGHT 9-30
Bandman Opera Co.
in a series of popular London Musical Successes.
To-day Tues., 17th Dec., at 9-30
"CHU CHIN CHOW"
Wed., 18th Dec., at 9-30
"HIGH JINKS"
Thurs., 19th Dec., at 9-30
"THE BOY"
Fri., 20th Dec., at 9-30
"MR. MANHATTAN."
Booking at ROSE and Co. up to 6 p. m. after 7 p. m. at the Theatre.
Booking by Tel. (No. 288) must be taken up before 9-15 p. m.
Every Evening at 6-30
Pathe presents a BRITISH Topical Drama
'A MAN THE ARMY MADE'
A story of life in the British Army suggested by Capt. Cecil A. Shaw, D.S.O. featuring the famous English Cinema Star
"Queen Thomas"
A thoroughly British Production shown before Their Majesties THE KING and QUEEN.

PALACE
OF VARIETIES
GAIETY THEATRE
Great and Novel
ATTRACTION
FOR THE FIRST TIME IN BOMBAY
Commencing Thursday, Dec. 12th
First appearance of the
RENOWNED AND HIGHLY EXPERT
Egyptian Danseuse
Miss "NAHALI"
in all the most artistic and Romantic Egyptian Turkish and Arabic Dances and Songs.
ASSISTED BY A FULL AND EFFICIENT
EGYPTIAN ORCHESTRA
A REAL NOVELTY
Never seen before.
Intercepted by Cinema.
PLAN AT GAIETY THEATRE
PRICES:—Rs. 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, As. 8.
BOXES:—Rs. 30, 20 and 15.
Plan open at Mr. F. Mitchell Photographer 58, Medows Street and at the Theatre.

FOR X'MAS ONLY.
Our concession rates for children
32 BRASS AND 30 WOODEN TOYS
Price Rs. 4-12.
8 BRASS AND 10 WOODEN ANIMALS
Price Rs. 5.
THE IMPERIAL SILK MFG. CO.
BENARES CITY (U. P.)

The Rush for Squibb's.
We are
FLOODED
WITH ORDERS
OF
SQUIBB'S
Ague Specific
from all over the country on account of
THE WAVE OF
INFLUENZA
and
FEVER
now passing over it.
It requires our utmost efforts to meet the demand.
SOLD EVERYWHERE
Madon Sons & Co.,
CRAWFORD MARKET,
BOMBAY.

Vedic Philosophy.

In this land of the Vedas, who should not know what the Vedas and Commentaries upon them say on the Problems of Life and Death?
A nicely bound Volume of about 500 pages, printed on high class glazed paper, will give you all you need know on these subjects. Pandit Bihari Lal B. A. Shastri's Vedas and their Angas and Upangas established on valid principles and Vedic interpretations, examines Mehidhar's and Sayanas commentaries and explains Vedic teaching on Karm Kand, Upasna Kand, and Gyan Kand. It also gives a clear account of the teachings of the Brahmanas and Upnishads. It is an invaluable guide on Vedic Philosophy.
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LAHORE.

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TO ALL CONCERNED IN SECOND HAND MACHINERY.
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Send for the complete list NOW.
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FOSTER'S MAGIC EMBROCATION
For the cure of Rheumatism Lumbago, Sciatica, Sore Throat, Cold in the Chest, Sprains Contusions and all Aches.
Price Re. 1/- 3 oz. bottle.
FOSTER & SONS,
CHEMISTS
BYCULLA—BOMBAY.

THE WEATHER.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.
Bombay, 15th Dec 1918.
Means of observations taken at 6 a.m. 10 a.m 2 p.m. 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr.	29.937	Inch.
Temperature of Air	76.8	Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	66.8	"
Dew Point	61.4	"
Relative humidity of Air	0.602	"
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy=10)	3.6	"
Maximum temperature of Air	85.1	"
Minimum do.	67.3	"
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	N.NNE.NNW.	
Movement of Wind do. do.	171	Miles.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Monday, the 16th December, 1918, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.
The Punjab.—Skies are clear except at Rawalpindi. Humidity is above normal in the north Punjab. Day temperature is in slight or moderate defect; night temperature is below normal in the southern districts.
The United Provinces.—Skies are clear or only lightly clouded. Humidity is locally below normal. Both day and night temperatures are below the average in the west of the division.
Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear except at Mount Abu, where light cloud is present and humidity is below normal. Temperature is below the average both by day and night.
Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear. Humidity is generally below normal. Day temperature is slightly above the average in the north; night temperature is in defect at most stations; at Bhuj the deficiency amounts to 13 deg.
The Central Provinces.—Skies are moderately or heavily clouded. Day temperature is above normal in the southern half of the division; night temperature is generally above the average.
The Konkan.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is above normal except at Bombay where it is in defect. Both day and night temperatures are slightly above the average at Ratnagiri and Karwar.
The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear in the south of the Bombay Deccan and are lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is below the average in the north Bombay Deccan and is above it over the rest of the division. Day temperature is slightly above normal in the north Bombay Deccan; night temperature is in moderate or considerable excess generally.
General Remarks.—Light rain has fallen locally in the Madras Deccan, south-east Madras and Ceylon. Weather is improving in the south of the Peninsula, but is slightly unsettled in the central parts of the country.
A few showers are likely in the extreme south and in the Central Provinces.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean time. Depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of week	Day of month	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean time	Depth on Gauge	Day of month	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean time	Depth on Gauge
	Dec.	h. m	ft. in	Dec.	h. m	ft. in
Mon	16	m 0 22	27 4	16	m 5 44	19 8
		10 38			11 41	14 7
Tues	17	m 10 18	30 5	17	m 4 24	19 1
		11 25	27 8		4 56	14 4
Wed	18	m 11 10	30 3	18	m 5 24	18 7
			27 0		5 9	14 5
Thurs	19	m 0 0	19 8	19	m 6 10	18 5
		m 11 58	28 4		5 57	14 10
Fri	20	m 0 50	28 10	20	m 6 55	18 1
		0 43	25 10		6 32	15 8
Sat	21	m 1 29	29 3	21	m 7 39	18 2
		1 27	25 6		7 17	16 0
Sun	22	m 2 16	28 10	22	m 8 22	18 4
		2 12	25 10		7 51	17 11

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

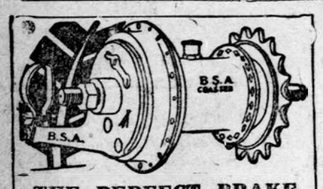
Dec.	16 (Monday)	Sunrise	7h. 5m	Sunset	6h.	4m
"	17 (Tuesday)	"	7h. 5m	"	6h.	5m
"	18 (Wednesday)	"	7h. 6m	"	6h.	5m
"	19 (Thursday)	"	7h. 6m	"	6h.	6m
"	20 (Friday)	"	7h. 7m	"	6h.	6m
"	21 (Saturday)	"	7h. 7m	"	6h.	7m
"	22 (Sunday)	"	7h. 8m	"	6h.	7m

Phases of the Moon:—New Moon 1918 Dec. 31. 8h. 49.8m. p.m.; First quarter 11d. 8h. 1.4m. a.m. Full Moon 15d. 0h. 47.5m a.m.; Last quarter 23d. 0h. 0.6m. p.m.

Xmas and Peace Sale
AT
Bombay Jewellery Mart
(367, HORNBY ROAD)
where you will find most suitable presents in (English and Indian) JEWELLERY and SILVERWARE at special reduced rates.
FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY.
An early visit will avert disappointment.

THE
GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY
Prof. JAMES'
Electro-Tonic Pearls.
These Pills positively cure sleeplessness, failing memory, brain fag, incapacity, disinclination for work, study or business, general debility and all results of overwork and dissipation. In case of premature, old age and weariness after slight effort, these Pearls effect a wonderful and almost a miraculous cure.
Price: Bottle of 25 Pearls, Rs. 1-4-0.
Price: Bottle of 40 Pearls, Rs. 2-0-0.
V. P. Charges, annas four extra.
SOLE AGENTS:
THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG & CHEMICAL COMPANY.
Market, BOMBAY.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 09 April, 2017



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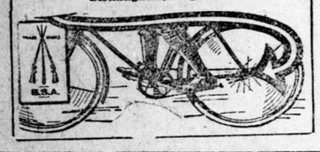
Here is the B.S.A. Coaster Hub, which embodies a powerful brake and easy running free-wheel. A slight backward pressure of the pedal brings the brake into action, thus on the steepest hill the bicycle is under complete control.

THE **B.S.A** COASTER HUB

Can be fitted to any bicycle.

Ask your local Cycle Agent for particulars.

THE BIRMINGHAM SMALL ARMS Co. Ltd., Birmingham, England.



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32 BRASS TOYS

AND

30 WOODEN TOYS

well coloured. highly polished, very attractive, a great amusement to children and nourishment to their memory.

26 English cut alphabets on well polished wood Re. 1-0 0

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BENARES CITY.

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Mehta Harilal Ramkrishna and Company

GOLDSMITHS & JEWELLERS

of 482-84, Abdul Rehman St., BOMBAY) whose beautiful jewelleries of artistic designs, of gold, silver, diamonds, &c., have been universally praised.

Up-country orders executed by V.P.P. Guarantee given.

S. GOVIND & Co.

BOOK-SELLERS & PUBLISHERS, etc.

Sandhurst Road, Girgaum P. O., BOMBAY.

BOOKS ON SEX—	PRICE. Rs. a.
Psychopathia Sexualis (a Medico-Forsensic Study) by Dr. R. V. Krafft-Elring	21 0
The Sexual Life of Woman by E. Heinrich Kisch, M. D.	21 0
The Sexual Life of Our Time by Iwan Bloch, M. D.	21 0
The Sex Complex by Blair Bell ..	11 8
Laws of Sexual Philosophy by J. L. Chundra, L. M. & S.	3 0
Recollections by John Viscount Morley, 2 Vols.	20 5
The Statesman's Year Book 1918 ..	14 10
Encyclopedia of Diet by Eugene Christian, F. S. D., 5 vols... ..	45 0
Manhood and Marriage by Bernar Macfadden	7 4
Vitality Supreme by Bernar Macfadden	3 10
Strong Eyes by B. Macfadden ..	3 10
Old Age: Its Causes and Prevention by Sanford Bennet	5 7
Health, Beauty and Sexuality by B. Macfadden	3 10
Mr. B. G. Horniman's Speeches ..	2 0
Some unpublished and later Speeches and Writings of The Hon. Sir Pherozeshah Mehta, Edited with Notes, by J. R. B. Jeejeebhoy ..	4 9

Special discount will be allowed for cash

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FURNITURE & VALUABLE PROPERTIES BY USING

ANTI-MOTH SOLUTION

This is a very important scientific discovery of a well-known scientist. It is wood preserve. Only one trial will give you complete satisfaction. Money returned if not genuine

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CONTRACT WORKS UNDERTAKEN AT A VERY LOW RATE.

Experts in Paints, Varnishes, Cements, etc.

357, Abdulrehman Street.

BOMBAY.

No. 1033.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, Dec 11th.

		Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ..	.. ..	500
,, ,, Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	.. ..	..
,, ,, Sales of East Indian	.. ..	..
,, ,, Imports	.. ..	6,000
Mid. Americans Spot	.. ..	20.97
Egyptian F.G.F. Spot	.. ..	..
New York 11 a.m. (As known Liverpool at closing time) ..	Jan.	26.50
	Mar.	25.28
	May	24.40
	Jan.	25.96
	Mar.	24.90
New Orleans 10 a.m.		

Liverpool, Dec. 12th.

		Bales
Total Days Sales at Liverpool ..		500
,, ,, Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	..	..
,, ,, Sales of East Indian	..	..
,, ,, Imports	..	..
Mid. Americans Spot	..	20.77
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time).	Jan.	25.99
	Mar.	24.82
	May	23.97
New Orleans 10 a.m.	Jan.	25.80
	Mar.	24.31

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Dec. 11th.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

New Contractss

Months:	To-day's price.
Dec.	19 69
Jan.	18.60
Feb.	17 73
Mar.	17.20
Apl.	16.40

Prices taken at 10-10 a.m., nearest actual values.

Liverpool, Dec. 12th.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

New Contracts:

Month	To-day's price.
Dec.	19.65
Jan.	18.44
Feb.	..
Mar.	16.90
April	16.03

Prices taken at 10-10 a.m., nearest actual values

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Dec. 11th.

New Contracts:

Months.	To-day's price
Dec.	19 68
Jan.	18.58
Feb.	17.7[illegible]
Mar.	17.1[illegible]
Apl.	16.[illegible]

Liverpool, Dec. 12th

New Contracts.

Months	To-day's price.
Dec.	19.64
Jan.	18.45
Feb.	17.64
Mar.	16 92
April	16.02

EGYPTIAN FUTURE.

Liverpool, Dec. 11th.

New Contracts:

Months.	To-day's price
Dec.	27.56

Liverpool, Dec. 12th.

New Contracts.

Months.	To-day's price
Dec.	27.56 Unchgd.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Dec. 11th.

M.G.	Bengal Good	13 91
,,	,, Fully Good	14.68
,,	,, Fine	15 16
,,	No. 1 Oomra Good	16 32
,,	,, ,, Fully Good	17.07
,,	,, ,, Fine	17.57
,,	Broach Good	16.67
,,	,, Fully Good	16.92
,,	,, Fine	17.17

Liverpool, Dec. 12th.

M.G.	Bengal Good	13 9
,,	,, Fully Good	14.66
,,	,, Fine	15.16
,,	No. 1 Oomra Good	16 32
,,	,, ,, Fully Good	17 07
,,	,, ,, Fine	17.57
,,	Broach Good	16.67
,,	,, Fully Good	16.92
,,	,, Fine	17.17

BANK OF ENGLAND.

London, Thursday, Dec. 12th.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—

	£		£
Total Bullion	77,706,000	Inc.	7,700 000
Public Deposits	37,400,000	..	900,000
Other do.	152,000,000	Dec.	1,200,000
Govt. Securities	73,700,000	Inc.	200.000
Other do.	85,800,000	Dec.	1,700,000
Notes and Gold	28,700.000	Inc.	1,300,000

THE BANK RESERVE is 16 % of the Liabilities.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Dec. 11th.

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	22,000
,, Exports to Great Britain	9,000
,, ,, to Continent	..
Futures at New York Jan.	25.65 -74
,, ,, Mar.	24.60—65
,, ,, May	23.71—66
Spot Cotton at New York	26 55 -55
,, ,, Orleans	25.50 Unchgd.
Futures at New Orleans Jan.	25.35—72
,, ,, Mar.	24.00—74
Fair Rio Coffee No 7 quality)	10½
Demand Bills	4.75.60
Silver Commercial Bars	101½

MONEY MARKETS.

London, Dec. 11th.

Rentes 3%	62
Bar Silver Spot	48 7/16
Closing Tone of Silver:—Quiet.	
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 per cent. since 5th April 1917.	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st.	3 1/2
,, Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st.	3 1/2
,, FineTrade Bills 3 months ..	4 1/4
,, ,, ,, 6 ,, ...	4 5/8
Interest day to day loans	2 3/4
,, 7 day market loans	3 1/8
Consols 2½ %	50
Rupee Paper 2½ % Nominal	53
Indian Stock 3½ % Sterling Loan ..	70½
Government Securities 3 %	69½
Ex. On London at Paris France	25.97½

London, Dec. 12th.

Rentes 3%	62
Bar Silver Spot	48 7/16
Closing Tone of Silver:—Quiet.	
Discount Bank of England Rate 5 per cent. since 5th April 1917	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	3 1/2
,, Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st.	3 1/2
,, Fine Trade Bills 3 months ..	4 1/4
,, ,, ,, 6 ,, ...	4 5/8
Interest day to day loans	2 3/4
,, 7 day market loans	3 1/8
Consols 2½ %	50
Rupee Paper 2½ % Nominal	53
Indian Stock 3½ % Sterling Loan ..	70½
Government Securities 3 %	69½
Ex. On London at Paris France	25.97½

WAR LOANS.

London, Dec. 11th

3½ % 1925—1928	£88½
4½ % 1925—1945	£93
5 % New	£94½

London, Dec. 12th.

3½ % 1925—1928	£88
4½ % 1925—1945	£99½
5 % New.	94 9/16

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Dec. 11th

WHEAT.

Trade quote all kinds.
Wheat Red Karachi, per 492 lbs. C. I. F. Afloat 80

SEEDS.

Quotations of Cottonseed, Rapeseed, Linseed and Linseed Oil are not permitted by the Government.

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£133
Standard Copper G. M. B. Nominal ..	£122½
Hard Spelter	Nominal.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta Jan.-Mar. Nominal	22/9
Fine White Java C. & F Calcutta Jan.-Mar. Nominal	24/6

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Dec.-Jan. Sellers	2/7½
Plantation First Latex Crete Dec. Paid ..	2/3½

London, Dec. 12th.

WHEAT.

Trade quote all kinds.
Wheat Red Karachi, per 492 lbs. C.I.F Afloat 80

SEEDS.

Quotations of Cottonseed, Rapeseed, Linseed and Linseed Oil are not permitted by the Government.

METALS.

Eng lish best Se ected Copper	£133
Standard Copper G.M.B. Nominal	£122½
Hard Spelter	Nominal.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta Jan.-Mar. Nominal	22/9
Fine White Java, C. & F. Calcutta Jan.-Mar. Nominal	24/6

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Dec.-Jan. Sellers	2/7½
Plantation First Latex Crops Dec. Paid ..	2/3½

Tone:—Quieter.

BOMBAY MARKTES.

COTTON.

(From our Commercial Correspondent.)

Bombay, December 16.

The tone of the market this morning was firmer and the Marwadi bazar opened at Rs. 598 for Fully Good Broach, April, May and advanced to Rs. 601, and after again touching Rs. 598 improved to Rs. 609. On some selling by the bazaar at the advance the rate dropped to Rs. 602, but advanced to Rs. 604 and remained steady at about this price for some little time later on improving to Rs 605-6-0, and closing at Rs. 605. Up to 3 p.m. the forward market at Colaba had continued, as there was no one there. It opened later on at about 5-45 Rs. 605 and closed as under:

To-morrow being a Public Holiday the market will be closed.

QUOTATIONS 5-30 P. M.

	Rs		Rs
Fully Good Broach		April-May	605½
Fully Good Bengal		Dec.-Jan	455
Fine Oomras			555

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce, etc., for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. on 14th Dec. 1918.

Cotton	10,302 bales. 876 Cwts.
Wheat	13,094 ,,
Linseed	1,252 ,,
Rape, &c.	1,173 ,,
Gingellyseed	Nil
Poppyseed	5,034 ,,
Groundnuts	1,069 ,,
Castorseed	65,335 lb.
Rice	2.893 ,,
Myrabollams	6.510 ,,
Cottonseed	Nil
Mowsaseed	Nil
Gram	Nil
Jowar	Nil
Maize	Nil
Barley	Nil

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

Bombay, Dec. 16th—5-30 p.m.

	Bazar Terms. Ready. Rs as. p.	Rail Delivery. Rs. as. p.
Wheat White Delhi 70-35 ..	76 0 0	11 4 0
,, ,, Cawnpore 70-30 ..	75 0 0	11 3 0
,, Karachi Bazzar	75 0 0	11 3 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi ..	11 4 0	11 12 0
,, Cawnpore	11 4 0	11 12 0
,, Yellow Cawnpore	12 0 0	12 8 0
Linseed Brown Bold	13 0 0	13 8 0
,, Thin	12 10 0	13 0 0
Teelseed White 85-15	100 0 0	..
,, Gajar 75-25	95 0 0	..
,, Gajar 50-50	90 0 0	..
,, Black	85 0 0	..
Poppyseed, White	15 0 0	16 0 0
Groundnut	97 0 0	..
Mowrasced	7 4 0	..
Barley	48 0 0	7 4 0
Castorseed	62 0 0	12 8 0
Forwards	Rs. as. p.	
Wheat April-May.	9 4 0	
Linseed May	14 6 0	

BOMBAY & CHINA YARN MARKET.

Bombay, Dec. 16th.

	Rate per 1-6. Rs. as. p.
Davids No. 10	1 0 6
Shapurji No. 10	0 15 6
Simplex No. 10	0 14 0
Curimbhais No. 12½	0 14 0
Light Houses No. 64	0 13 0

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Dec. 16th.

	Market Rates.
Bank Telegraphs	1 5 15½
Bank Demand	1 6 1
Doc. Acceptance 3 m/s.	1 6 6½
Fcs. Demand	193½
American Dollars	278½
Hongkong ,, ...	223½
Shnaghai	342½
Japan	149
Singapore	147½

Market Steady

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

BULLION.

Bar Gold Rs. 28-9-0.

EXCHANGE.

T. T. on London 1/5 31/32.
D. D. on London 1/6 1/16.
Credit 3Msd/a 1/6 13/32.
D. D. on France Fr. 194.
Credit 3Msd/a Fr. 202.
T. T. on Japan Rs. 147½.
60 D/st Japan Rs. 143.
D. D. on Hongkong Rs. 223.9.
D. D. on Shanghai Rs. 342.
T. T. on [illegible]

D. D. on New York Rs. 279½.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

The following are the nominal rates:—
5 per cent. War Loan 1929-47 93
5½ per cent. War Bonds due 1920-22 99.
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 83.
4 per cent. Terminable Loan 95.
3½ per cent. Paper 75.
4½ per cent. Port Trust long dated due 1926, 89.
4 per cent. Port Trust long dated 85
4 per cent. Municipal long dated 84.
4 per cent. Municipal short dated 90.
4 per cent. City Improvement Trust long dated 83.
5 per cent. Municipal Tansa 93.
5 per cent. Municipal Sanitary 92½
The following are the Bank Rates:—
Bank of Bombay 6 per cent.
Bank of Bengal 6 per cent.
Bank of Madras 7 per cent.

SHARES.

The market opened dull but improved during the course of the day and was steady to firm at the close

The following are the closing rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange:—

Swadeshi 1,915, Swan 525, Simplex 655, Shahpurji 112-8, Pearls 507-8, New Greats 285, Madhowji 1922-8, Luxmi Cotton 1,525, Kohinoor 1,102-8, Currimbhoy 332-8, Kastoorchand 1,050, Ind. Bleaching 160, Finlay 415, Fazulbhoy 665, David 607-8, Crescent 197-8, Colaba 1,500, Century 370, Nagpur 2,152-8, By. Cotton 565, By. Uniteds 807-8, By. Dyeing 1,310, Bundi 26, Katni Defd. 1,250, Katni Defd. 1,270, Tata New Dfd. 870, Tata Old Defd. 970, Tata Ord. 223-12, Shivrajpur 35, Alcocks 780, By. Burma 755, By. Tramway 450, By. Steam 315, Tata Hydro 1,145.

The following are the closing rates of the New Stock Exchange:—

Swadeshi 1,915, Swan 525, Simplex 655, Shahpurji 112-8, Pearls 507½, New Greats 285, Madhowji 1,920, Luxmi Cotton 1,480, Kohinoor 1,002½, Currimbhoy 332-8, Kastorchand 1,020, Ind. Bleaching 160, Finlay 425, Fazulbhoy 660, David 607-8, Crescent 197-8, Colaba 1,500, Century 372-8, Nagpur 2,152-8, By. Cotton 565, By. Dyeing 1,310, Bundi 25, Katni Defd. 1,270, Katni Ord. 247-8, Tata New Defd. 870, Tata Old Defd. 960, Tata Ord. 222-8, Shivrajpur 35, Alcocks 785, By. Burma 755, By. Tramway 450, By. Steam 315, Tata Hydro. 1,145.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

Statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bombay, as on 14th December, 1918.

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.	Rs.
Capital		1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund		1,01,00,000
Public Deposits at Head Office	42,21,087	
,, Deposits at Branches ..	62,56,663	
		105,67,750
Other Deposits		20,21,54,394
Post Bills		3,931
Sundries		24,27,596
	Rs.	23,62,83,581

ASSETS.

	Rs
Government Securities	3,24,86,883
Other authorised Securities	18,71,949
Credits, on Government and other authorised securities	3,23,84,894
Loans, on Government and other authorised securities	7,66,66,153
Bills Discounted and Purchased ..	160,13,880
Dead Stock	9,04,066
Stamps	8,865
Bullion	..
Balances with other Banks	5,80,793
Sundries	5,10,845
Cash	6,93,33 454
Rs.	23,62,83,581

BOMBAY POST OFFICE SECTION.

Bombay, Dec. 16th.

Total up-to-date.

War Bonds	Rs.	10,900-0	Rs. 22,48,525- 0
Cash Certificates	,,	3,007-0	,, 7,18,742-12
Total ..		13,907-0	29,67,267-12

CASUALTY LIST.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Dec. 15.

The following name of British officer appeared in the casualty list No. 702, Indian Expeditionary Forces:—

ACCIDENTALLY DROWNED.

General List:—Lieut. E. G. Guerrier.

The final forecast of *bhadoi* crops of Bengal, 1918-19, issued by the Department of Agriculture, Bengal, shows that the total area sown this year with various *bhadoi* crops dealt with in the forecast is estimated at 5,933,300 acres against 5,964,300 acres reported, in the corresponding forecast of the last year of this area under Autumn. Rice is returned at 50,66,600 acres against 50,76,100 acres of the last year. According to the estimates of District Officers, the outturn of different *bhadoi* crops works out to 77 per cent. of the normal as against 88 per cent. reported in the corresponding forecast of the last year. Accepting 77 per cent. as the outturn of Autumn rice for this year the gross outturn for the province on the basis of a normal yield of ten half maunds of clean grain per acre is estimated at 3,00,95,600 cwts. against 3,28,18,500 cwts. reported in the final forecast of the last year.

ROSE'S LIME JUICE

Delicious, Wholesome, Refreshing.

Prepared from the pure juice of the finest West Indian Lime Fruit, grown on our estates in Dominica, West Indies.

Insist on having ROSE'S.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Dec., 16th.

S.S. Chybassa—Logan—London Nov. 10
S.S. Kinkon Maru—Okubo—Port Luis Nov. 30.
S.S. Japan London—Nov. 21.

DEPARTURE.

DEC. 16TH.

S.S. Kasado Maru—Yanagi—Kobe etc.

The following vessel began to load yesterday

S.S. St. Geran—for Mauritius.

VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS

Monday, 16th December, 1918.

Shed.	Steamer	Tons.	Destination.	Date*	Agent
PRINCES DOCK.					
A.	Burrumbert	1561	N. F.	..N. F.	D R I M
C & R	City of Madrid ..	3135	Calcutta	19-12-18	W&A Graham & Co
D & E	City of Delhi ..	2826	N F	18-12-18..	M M & Co
F.	Saigon Maru ..	2771	N F	..N F..	O S Kaisha
H.	Linga ..	9658	..	..	M M & C
K. E J	Spence ..	578	Calcutta	..N F	D B Khan
N.	Lightning (Off-side)	2122	N. F.	..N. F..	M M & Co
N.	Jehangir ..	3861	..	..	B I M
O.	Fanestrand ..	..	N F	..N F..	Cox Shipping Agency
P.	St. Geran ..	500	Mauritius	..N F..	M B Kaisha
Q.	Innamincka .	1325	Busrah	..N F..	M M & Co
HARBOUR WALL.					
	Bahaduri ..	829	Karachi	..17-12-18	BS N&Co
	Kaveri ..	843	N F	.. N F	
	Mahanadi ..	849	N F	.. N F	
	Netravati ..	699	Mangalore	16-12-18	
	Ponani ..	552	N F	.. N F	
VICTORIA DOCK.					
2	Chakla ..	1727	P. Gulf	..17-12-18..	M M & Co
7	Lhasa ..	960	..	N F..	N F .. D R I M
9	Gregory Apcar	961	..	N F..	N F .. M M & Co
12 & 13	Furnea.	2147	..	N F..	N F .. M M & Co
15	Toyo Maru ..	2283	P Gulf	NF..	N F .. H S Shustry
16	Shushtar ..	1718	Suez ..	..	N F.. P G S N&Co
MEREWETHER DRY DOCK.					
	Loyalty ..	5934	..	19-12-18..	D R I M
ALEXANDRA DOCK.					
1	Varela ..	1732	N F	..	N F .. M M & Co
4	Pijnacker Hordijk ..	1810	Busra	..	N F .. R I M
7	Quida ..	4944	Colombo	..	N F .. M M & Co
10	Ha-yang ..	1207	N F	..	N F .. R I M
12a	Staiman ..	196	N F	..	N F .. D R I M
14	Baikal ..	1572	Busra	17-12-18..	D R I M
15	Seapool ..	2799	N F	..	N F .. D R I M
18	Kepong ..	1422	N F	..	N F .. D R I M
Jetty	Dorgola ..	4742	Suez ..	..	N F .. M M & Co
A. DOCK WALL.					
	Tras ..	1351	..	..	N F .. D R I M
HUGHES DRY DOCK					
	Eastern ..	3586	..	15-12-18..	D R I M

*Probable date of departure

S.S. Kinkon Maru:—The steamer Kinkon Maru, 3,596 tons, Captain K. Akubo, arrived in harbour yesterday from Port Luis, which port she left on 30th November, with a Cargo of Sugar and 6 deck passengers.

S.S. Chybassa:—The B. I. S. N. Coy.'s mail steamer Chybassa, 3,992 tons, Captain A. P. Logan, arrived in harbour yesterday from London, which port she left on 10th ultimo, with mail a general cargo and passengers.

S.S. Kasado Maru:—The O. S. Kaisha, steamer Kasado Maru, 3,725 tons, Captain N. Yanagi, sailed yesterday from the Bombay harbour for Kobe via Colombo, Singapore and Hongkong, with a general cargo and passengers.

STOCKS AND DELIVERIES.

Stocks and Deliveries of Cotton, Silk and Woollen Piece-goods and Yarns, also of Copper and Yellow Metal Sheets (including deliveries from Dock-sheds to Railway-sidings.)

Description.		A Stock on 31st Oct. 1918.	B Imports during Nov. 1918.	C Stock on 30th Nov. 1918.	D Approximate total deliveries during Nov. 1918.	E Increase or Decrease of Stock as compared with previous month.	F Annual deliveries from Port Trust & Improvement Godowns.	Corresponding Stocks on 30th Nov. 1917	1916.	1915.	1914.	1913.
(1) Cotton Piece-goods	Bales.	45,772	10,947	51,512	5,207	+5,740	4,207	20,707	24,625	46,824	63,093	42,178
(2) Cotton Piece-goods	Cases.	9,384	968	9,469	83	+85	443	23,494	29,289	48,317	104473	68,194
(3) Silk and Woollen Piece-goods	Bales.	1,201	252	1,247	206	+46	49	1,178	420	518	1,172	941
(4) Silk and Woollen Piece-goods	Cases.	1,252	668	1,248	672	—4	52	1,585	1,055	1,200	2,830	3,057
(5) Cotton Twist and Yarns	Packages.	10,302	9,009	13,899	5,912	+3,097	2,503	3,338	6 987	7,740	11,038	7,675
(6) Silk and Woollen Twist and Yarns ..	Packages.	4,047	964	4,559	452	+512	124	2,000	3,448	2,954	1,375	2,662
(7) Copper—Braziers .	Tons.	477	13	469	21	—8	20	949	2,199	3,813	4,451	1,969
(8) Yellow Metal—Braziers	Tons.	274	122	331	65	+57	42	204	664	1,765	3,466	1,744

N. B.—Approximate Total Deliveries (Column D) are arrived at by adding Column A and Column B and deducting therefrom (Column C). It should be noted however that the figures in Column B are obtained from the Bills of Entry and that the goods which they represent may not have been actually received in the Docks during the month covered. The Total Delivery Figures thereby while enabling [illegible]

BOMBAY RACES

SPORTS BULLETIN.

As many of our friends have requested us to facilitate obtaining our issues, we have arranged that all our issues (except results) will be had at the following restaurants, where they will be sold at the prices marked on the issues without any enhancement.

If any of our friends will suggest places other than those mentioned below, we will try to arrange accordingly.

Kika Maharaj—PYDHONIE.
Messrs. Kayani & Co—DHOBI TALAO.
British Flag Restaurant—CHIRA BAZAR.
New Syres Restaurant—GIRGAUM TRAM TERMINUS.
Bombay A 1 Restaurant—GRANT ROAD, (Upper Bridge).
British India Hotel—CORNER GRANT ROAD, (Play House).
Welcome Hotel—CLUB ROAD, BYCULLA.
Mr. Kaikhoosroo Rashid Irani—PARSI STATUE, BYCULLA.
Mr. Shaikh Mahomed Hasan Hotelwala—MADANPURA, CORNER SANKLI STREET.
Popular Royal Restaurant—BYCULLA BRIDGE, CORNER SANKLI STREET.
Jalal-e-Hoosein Hotel—CORNER J. J. HOSPITAL.
Persian Indian Hotel—BRANCH NO. 1, BHINDI BAZAR, CORNER SANDHURST ROAD.
Gulzar-e-Haidari Hotel—Opp. DONGRI MARKET.
New Princes Dock Restaurant—No. 144, PRINCES DOCK.
Mr. Dewjee Hirji Sodawalla—DANA BUNDER (CARNAC BUNDER).
The George Restaurant—Opp. CUSTOM HOUSE.
Imperial Restaurant—LOWER COLABA.
Persian Flag Restaurant—Opp. R. STATION COLABA.
Union Jack Restaurant—Opp. B. B. S. & T. CO., OFFICE COLABA.
Coronation Durbar Restaurant—CHURCH GATE STREET.
Bombay Restaurant—GAIETY THEATRE.
Book Stall—TAJ MAHAL HOTEL.
Mr. Taraporewala, Book Seller—MEDOWS STREET.

We hope to be at their services as we did during the whole of the Poona Season. We shall issue Entries, Handicaps, Horses-left-ins Race-Day-Morning-Specials and the Race-Day-Evening-Results in English and Gujarati simultaneously. Entries, Handicaps and Horses-left-ins will be had for Anna One and Results at Annas Two as usual, while the Race-Day-Morning-Specials whose contents will be quadruplexed shall be had at Annas Four.

The SPECIALS shall be full of very useful informations of, and hints for the events of the day.

The Morning Specials shall contain the complete programme of the day, tips of all well-known tipsters and various such notes as be a thorough guide to our sporting people.

MARATHI:—Horses-left-ins and Specials will also be issued in Marathi.

URDU:—Specials will also be issued in Urdu as well.

HERON'S EAU DE COLOGNE.

Lavender and Hair Douche—once tried always needed. Tooth Powder kills germs of dental decay in 30 seconds.

TRY ONCE.

THE HERON CHEMICAL WORKS

ESTABLISHED 1909.

KHETACHI WADI, GIRGAUM, BOMBAY

BAKR-ID-RIOT CASE.

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS.

HOW THE RIOT BEGAN.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SAHARANPUR, Dec. 13.

On the Court reassembling to-day, Sub-Inspector Masiullah detailed the police force with the Magistrate had with him at the grove and described the particular burnt houses which the Magistrate and party visited on leaving the grove and how three men were extricated from a cornbin inside a house. The Municipal Secretary and Sub-Inspector Theodihal Singh who came to Katarpur in the afternoon, said that they met the rioters returning and that they had no wounded men with them. Seventeen corpses were found and some remains of another which the Magistrate considered doubtful. Information was given to the Magistrate of the Mahomedans approaching, who went away on Mr. Chandkhan's explaining matters to them. The Magistrate with the Municipal Secretary and Sub-Inspector Sheodihal Singh went to Sankhal while the Circle Inspector and the witness went to Jwalapur to prevent the Mahomedans from approaching Kankhal and Katarpur. No police officer of any sort remained at Katarpur. Witness returned to Katarpur on the 19th September and saw that the charred bodies left on the ground had been burnt. Some were reduced to ashes, and only bones were found. Witness was shown photographs which were exhibited of the village as it looked after the riot, and he pointed out where the fire began and the portions which were completely burnt. The Hindu houses which intervened were also burnt. The Masjid was also burnt on the 18th. One cattleshed, witness found newly burnt on the 19th. He had pointed out certain houses to the Deputy Inspector-General of Police which had been burnt after the 18th. These were empty Hindu houses. Witness sent bones on two occasions to the Civil Surgeon for inspection. There was no police guard at Katarpur on the 19th.

NO FIGHTING AT KATARPUR.

There was no fighting at Katarpur on the 19th or the 20th. Witness identified certain persons as having taken part in the riot. The leaders were giving orders and the mob was following behind. None among the leaders came to the Magistrate or the Inspector or the witness and told them that they had done their best to stop the riots. The mob would not listen. They did not give any explanations as to how the riot occurred. Mahant Brahamdas said that the entire fault was that of the Circle Inspector and the sub-Inspector. Witness picked out those among the accused whom he saw at Katarpur on the 17th and the 18th September. Mr. Gangaprasad, Sub-Divisional Magistrate, recalled at this stage that he had made notes about the corpses and the places where they were found. He did not think it worth while to send the Inspector-General his note book when he was asked for his personal file. The President observed here that the notes made at the time were of great importance as human memory was apt to fail. Witness said that the note book was still in existence and could be sent to Mr. Wallach within an hour. In answer to Mr. Alston, witness stated that at no time that day the leaders gave any explanation of how the riot occurred.

DISTRICT MAGISTRATE'S EVIDENCE.

Mr. L. M. Stubbs, District Magistrate of Saharanpur, was the next witness. Katarpur was one of the village in which according to the confidential register kept, cow sacrifices took place. He got a letter from the Superintendent of Police dated the 12th September and he replied to it. After that, he was informed by a letter that the parties had settled their differences on the night of 6th September. He received a telegram informing him that trouble was brewing at Katarpur. On this he communicated with the Superintendent of Police. He also received information from the Sub-Divisional Magistrate, with whom he had an interview at 4-30 a.m. and to whom he explained the tenor of Government orders on the subject of cow killing. Witness gave Gangaprasad written orders on the subject. The original of this order was sent either to the Commissioner or to the Chief Secretary and he had not seen it since a copy of the order obtained from the Secretariat was shown to the witness who said it was correct. At this stage the Court rose for lunch.

THOROUGH SEARCH INTO HOUSES.

After lunch Mr. Stubbs stated to the Superintendent of Police that the police guard had been sent by 10 a.m. train at night. He received a telegram that the riot had taken place. He went by the next train to the Pathri Station with the Superintendent of Police. They reached Katarpur just before dawn. They noticed a glow in the sky which arose from burning roofs and piles at Katarpur. They found burnt houses, heaps of ashes and some skeletons and the upper half of a man on a burning pile. There was not a soul in the village except a very old woman who could hardly speak. She was in the house of Lambardar. One Mahomedan was found in the grove to the west. Numbers of police had gone with the witness from Saharanpur. A thorough search was made on the 20th September into the houses. He met Gangaprasad at Jwalapur thana on the 19th September. Hamiduddin said to the witness that the Municipal Secretary was urging men to go to Katarpur on the 18th September, and Thandar Mayapur was there. Witness took note of this in his note book which entry he was shown. The allegation that the people could not approach the witness was absurd as there was a guard of sappers and miners mostly Paharis.

THE ARRIVAL OF THE MILITARY.

The Military arrived on the 19th and witness wired to the Commissioner on the 20th. Witness found some corpses, two of them being undamaged which were of the Mahomedans and more skeletons. The place was full of vultures and dogs. Witness received the Hindu deputation at Mayapur bungalow on the 21st September. The note made by the witness of what Mahant Brahmidas spokesman said was produced and read out in the Court. Witness went again to Katarpur with the Commissioner, Meerut Division, on the 22nd or the 23rd September. He returned to Saharanpur on the 23rd and received a telegram that Jitpur and Jwalapur villages had been burnt, which statement was quite untrue. Witness submitted a report, which he sent with other papers to the Commissioner. Some identification proceedings took place in the witness' presence in the Saharanpur jail.

HAMEDUDIN'S EVIDENCE.

The next witness was Hamedudin. He was the agent of Pandit Shananand, timber contractor, for the last 5 or 6 years. He resides at Jwalapur, but he went to Hardwar every morning and came back in the evening. He went by Lahore passenger at 8-30 a.m. to his place of business. He was ordered to go to Jitpur and was proceeding through Kankhal on foot. He met on the canal bridge three Brahmins with lathis saying that Bareakhara and other Akharas had given them help and now the Mahomedans could do nothing to them. About 10 a.m. he saw 100 or 150 Hindus with lathis near Kishanchand's shop. He saw the Municipal Secretary, the Sub-Inspector Mayapur and Mahant Hamam Singh. There he heard them saying that cows should be saved and it was their religion. Witness was five or six paces from the crowds. He got afraid and he returned to Hardwar. While returning he heard two men with white towels calling on a passer-by to go and protect cows and any one who did not do so, would be guilty of eating beef. He saw other bands of 25 or 30 men carrying lathis on the road. Witness heard at Jwalapur in evening about the riot at Katarpur, he made a statement to the District Magistrate on the 19th. Witness went of his own accord to Thol officer.

The Circle Inspector Mahomed Yussuff Khan was next examined. He spoke about his enquiries about Katarpur sacrifices and the agreement arrived at Roorkee between the Hindus and the Mahomedans on the 18th September about Kurbani being performed in two houses on the 16th September. Witness was asked to proceed to Jwalapur immediately. He did so and saw two constables who had returned from Katarpur, who told him that there were no signs of quarrel till midnight. After that the chaukidar of Katarpur arrived and informed about the people coming in from Kankhal. At this stage the Court rose for the day.

SAHARANPUR, Dec. 14.

CIRCLE INSPECTOR'S ACCOUNT.

On the proceedings being resumed to-day the Circle Inspector Mahomed Yussuff Khan described how he went to Katarpur on the morning of the 17th September and how he found the Hindu crowds there. He ordered the cattle intended for sacrifice to be placed under the police guard which consisted at the wish of the Hindus of Hindu constables entirely. The tahsildar of Roorkee arrived at about 11 a.m. to whom witness explained the situation and suggested action under Section 144, C. P. Code. The tahsildar said that he had no such power. Witness detailed the negotiations between the Hindu leaders and the Mahomedans about the compromise which finally came to nothing. Four cows were made over to the Hindus and supardramah was taken from them and one cow in milk given to Alibaksh as such animals could not be sacrificed. The Kankhal leaders left Katarpur on the evening of the 17th about midnight. A constable brought a letter from Sub-Inspector Sheodihal Singh. Another letter from him was received after the riot. It was quite untrue that two thousand Mahomedans assembled at Katarpur. Groups of Hindus with lathis [illegible] began to come to Katarpur all through the forenoon. The Sub-Divisional Officer arrived about 11 a.m. and he made enquiries about what had happened. By that time the Hindu crowd numbered four or five thousand. He told the crowd that Kurbani had been stopped by order of the District Magistrate and told them to go away. They went away, but they did not leave the village.

THE BEGINNING OF THE RIOT.

Witness then described how the riot began; how groups of Hindus assaulted the Mahomedans and the houses were set fire to. Witness suggested to the Sub-Divisional Officer that fire should be opened on the mob, but the latter said, "Let us go and save the Mahomedans." Dr. Puran Prasad said that he came on behalf of the Seva Samiti and he would take care of the wounded men. The Magistrate ordered the wounded to be handed over to the doctor. Attempts were made to extinguish the fire at several places and some thatches were taken down. A breeze blew the smoke and cinders near the chaupal and the party moved on to the grove about 1-30 p.m. and remained there for an hour. The Hindu crowds moved about and voices were heard that the Inspector and the Sub-Inspector should be assaulted. The police guard faced the crowd and they retired.

PREPARATIONS TO FIRE.

Witness leaded his revolver and he made the Sub-Inspector load his double barrelled gun. He also ordered the police guard to load their rifles, the head constable and the constables were Hindus and only one was a Mahomedan recruit. Witness told the Magistrate that if the crowd advanced he would order fire to be opened. The Magistrate ordered the crowd to halt on pain of being fired at. The crowd halted and three or four men advanced. Mahant Brahmidas ironically asked whether there would be any cow sacrifice. The Magistrate said, "No" and told them to go away. The crowd turned and went back to the village. No Hindu leaders came to the police or the Magistrate for assistance to stop the riot. At this stage the Court rose for lunch.

After lunch Mr. Wallach handed over Mr. Gangaprasad's note book which the latter sent at the instance of the Court. It contained the names of four Kankhal leaders and some entries about corpses and wounded men found at Katarpur on the 18th. The President observed that the note book was not of much help and it did not contain many things it ought to contain. This note book was handed over to the counsel for defence for inspection. The Circle Inspector's evidence was then continued. He described what he saw in Katarpur when he went there after the riot. He went there again on the 20th and saw some more houses had been burnt. Witness then identified those he had seen in the riot on the 18th or the day before and described what each was doing. At this stage the Court rose for the day.

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RAPIDLY RISING.

TOTAL MORTALITY

For 24 Hours ending 6 a.m. yesterday	5[illegible]
For preceding 24 hours	3[illegible]
For corresponding period last year	84

The upward tendency of the city's mortality continues and there has been another big rise, Sunday's figures showing an increase of no less than 50 deaths over those of Saturday. The total mortality figures for the corresponding period of last year were 84, so the mortality on Sunday was 263 more than the normal mortality.

There were 73 attacks and 60 deaths from cholera on Sunday. Cholera has been daily increasing in virulence.

CHOLERA OUTBREAK IN BOMBAY.

SUGGESTED PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES.

Dr. J. A. Turner, Health Officer, Bombay Municipality, has issued the following communique:—

The public are informed that Cholera is now prevalent in the City. It is therefore necessary that the following precautions may be taken with a view to prevent the spread of the disease:—

For cooking and drinking purposes no well water should be used.

Tap water should be boiled and filtered.

All milk should be boiled.

All food should be protected from flies. No staple food should be eaten.

All latrines and urinals should be thoroughly flushed and disinfected.

Over-ripe fruit should be avoided.

Any suspicious case should be reported to the Health Department at once.

No water for drinking should be stored in open vessels, chatties or kunjas as it may easily become infected.

Persons in contact with Cholera patients should wash their hands in disinfectants before taking food.

Supply of disinfestants can be had from the Health Department in each ward.

INFLUENZA RAGING IN LHASA,

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

KALIMPONG, Dec. 13.

News has reached this week from Lhasa State that influenza is raging in Lhasa and the surrounding country and mortality is very high. Many prominent traders and officials have also died. Hormang Fase, controller of treasuries, who was in Darjeeling and Calcutta during 1913-14 for studying English, and Reting Zasa, representative in the Lhasa Government of the Reting Monastery, have fallen victims to disease.

DELHI CONGRESS.

ACCOMMODATION FOR DELEGATES.

The General Secretary of the Reception Committee of the Delhi Congress Session has issued the following Bulletin No. 3:—

As already notified the dates of the sittings of the 33rd Indian National Congress have been fixed for the 26th to the 29th December.

Delegates will be accommodated in the camps allotted to their Province, but any delegate may at his request be transferred to an other camp, provided accommodation is available..

Delegates are requested to bring their own beddings with them. The climate of Delhi is pretty severely cold in December and delegates are requestd to take note of that, and bring plenty of warm clothings.

Delegates should inform the General Secretary, Reception Committee, of the dates of their arrival beforehand in order to ensure proper accommodation.

Delegates who wish to live in European style are informed that Hotel accommodation is very limited in Delhi and seats will be allotted according to priority of applications.

The charges of boarding will be as follows:—

Non-vegetarians Rs. 3-8-0 to 5 according to accommodation.

Vegetarians Rs. 2-8-0 per diem.

Mohamadans Rs. 5-0-0 per diem.

Delegates living in European style will pay actual Hotel charges varying from Rs. 8 to Rs. 12 a day. Board tickets can be had from the Pandal Office.

Delegates who want to make their own cooking arrangements are requested to bring their own utensils.

The prices for visitors' tickets have been fixed as follows:—

Distinguished visitors Rs. 50.

1st Class visitors Rs. 10.

2nd Class visitors Rs. 5.

Ladies Rs. 5 and Rs. 2.

All for the whole session. Tickets for any particular sitting will not be available.

Delegates are reminded that they must produce duly signed credentials before they can get their Delegates' Badges and tickets.

Tickets can be had only at the Congress Pandal Office.

TENANT DELEGATES TO CONGRESS.

The Secretary of the U. P. Kisan Sabha writes to say:—

In view of the special importance of the Delhi Congress, the U. P. Kisan Sabha is trying to send a fairly large number of delegates to the Congress. The Sabha has already secured about 400 tenant delegates and about 50 names are coming in daily. The Sabha strongly urges all the educated tenants, graduates and undergraduates to go to the Congress to be held at Delhi, on the 26th, 27th, 28th and 29th instant. All graduate and undergraduate tenants are requested to communicate their names and full addresses to Kisan Sabha, Allahabad.

CONGRESS SPECIAL.

The Joint Hon. Secretary, Bombay National Union writes to us:—

Owing to requests from several friends it has been decided to run only one special train to Delhi via Bhusaval. From names registered with us upto date, it is not possible to run two specials as intended. Accommodation is now limited and persons desirous of securing it should lose no time now in remitting their fare, plus Rs. 5 extra. Special accommodation for ladies is still available. Delegates from C. P. and Berars may join at Bhusaval. Others may join at Nasik, Chalisgaon or Manmad only. They will have to pay their fares from their respective stations, plus Rs. 5 extra each. Payment is to be made to us strictly in advance.

The Hon. Mr. Khaparde, Dr. Munje, Messrs. N. C. Kelkar, Narayanrao Vaidya, Gangadharrao Deshpande, Ane and probably Hon. Mr. Jinnah will travel by the special. Our telegraphic address is, Home Rule Bombay. As there is hardly any time now for letter correspondence, wire should be used.

CONGRESS DEPUTATION.

ADDITIONAL DELEGATES.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Dec. 16.

Mr. C. P. Ramaswami Iyer, the Joint General Secretary, the Indian National Congress, informs us that the names of the following gentlemen have been added to the list of the Congress deputation:—The Hon. Mr. Krishna Sahay (Behar), the Hon. Mr. Kamini Kumar Chanda (Assam), and Dr. P. J. Mehta (Rangoon).

ELOCUTION COMPETITION.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Presidency Social Reform Association an elocution competition in Marathi and Gujarati for Hindu ladies and girls under 14 will be held at Hirabaug near C. P. Tank from 5 to 8 p.m. (S. T.) daily from the 19th to 21st December, 1918. The subjects for the competition will be as follow:—(1) (Marathi) "What duties have women to perform during the War in England and the Allies and what inferences can be drawn as to the ability of women therefrom?" (Gujarati) "In what manner should the domestic and national duties be distributed among men and women at the present time?" (2) (Marathi and Gujarati) "Education of women and early marriages" or "which is the source of real beauty? virtue or fine dress?" (3) (Marathi and Gujarati) This will be announced 24 hours before the appointed time.

S.S. Japan:—The P. and O. S. N. Coy.'s mail steamer Japan, arrived in harbour yesterday from London, with the English mail of 21st ultimo, a general cargo and passengers.

The S. S. Kentucky passed Suez at 5 p.m. on Saturday, the 14th instant.

The O. S. K. charterer steamer Harima Maru left Naples on the 9th instant for Genoa.

The N. Y. K. steamer Yoroppa Maru No. 2 (Norwood Pound) arrived at Hongkong on the [illegible]

CHILDREN OF INDIAN SOLDIERS.

CONCESSIONS FOR THEIR EDUCATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 15.

His Honour Sir Harcourt Butler in a resolution on the subject of grant of concessions to meet the education of the children of Indian soldiers says.—The Lieut.-Governor feels that the children of all those who have lost their lives or been incapacitated in operations of the war have very special claims on the consideration of the Government and the public. In publishing the scheme to secure education of such children Sir Harcourt but desires to obtain the zealous co-operation of all district officers, district and Municipal boards, educational inspecting officers, and staffs of all institutions in bringing before those concerned the existence of the scheme, in explaining to them the details of concessions allowed by the Government and in urging them to make the fullest use of the opportunity offered. His Honour would appeal to those of the public in villages and towns who are interested in the education and welfare of the young to use their local knowledge and position in bringing the scheme to the notice of the guardians of those children within their own local areas who are entitled to the benefit of the rules and to see that no one remains in ignorance of them.

ALL INDIA HINDU CONFERENCE.

At a meeting of the Reception Committee of the 5th All-India Hindu Conference held on Thursday the 12th instant at Delhi it was resolved unanimously that Hon. Raja Sir Rampal Sing Sahib, Kuri Sadhauli, District Rai Bareilly, be elected president of the Conference.

The following office bearers of the Reception Committee were unanimously elected:—Lala Gurpershad Kapoor, Pandit Deva Ratna Sharma, Vaidraj Pandit Lachmi Narain Shastri, Baboo Tara Chand, Baboo Brij Lall, Secretaries; Lala Lachmi Narain Gadolia, Treasurer.

MADRAS MILL TROUBLES.

RAILWAY FUND FOR LABOURERS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Dec. 16.

A meeting was held at Gokhale Hall, last evening, Mrs. Besant presiding for the purpose of appealing for subscriptions to the Relief Fund, started for helping labourers of the Buckingham and Carnatic Mills. About Rs. 1,000 was subscribed on the spot, Mrs. Besant subscribing Rs. 100 with a promise to give more. Mr. Wadia spoke of the determination of the labourers to refer the matter to arbitration and never to go to the mills for work in case Messrs. Binny and Co. refused to settle the matter by arbitration.

"MADRAS MAIL'S" GOLDEN JUBILEE

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Dec. 16.

The "Madras Mail" is to-day celebrating its golden jubilee and Mr. H. C. Anderson on behalf of the employees presented an address to W. D. St. Leger, Agent for the proprietors, in the course of which he said "it would not be fitting, Sir, if we should meet on this occasion and did not pay a tribute to the memory of our founders, the late Sir Charles Lawson, the late Mr. Cornish and the late Mr. Barnett. We can imagine with what pleasure they would have regarded this jubilee, the fruition as it were of their labours, but though they have not lived to rejoice with us to-day they have left worthy sons to carry on the great work they commenced and though none of these are with us to-day in person we may be sure that in spirit they join in our rejoicings."

(Continued from Column 6.)

1663-18—Ardesir H D & Co, Bilasirai Tochna, rayen v Chaganlal Bhaidas, Hiralal Tha.

1654-18—Judah & S, Selim Saul Reuben v Mirza Ahmad S. F Ispahan Edgelow G W & Co.

1697-18—Captain & V, Abdul Kayam Abdul Kader v Mahomedbhai Abdul Hoosein.

1703-18—Mulji & Tha, Motilal Rangildas a firm v Chunilal Vijbhukhandas Merwanji K. S.

1713-18—Edgelow G W & Co, The Planet Mills Ld. v Awaji Mahomed Ahmed Issack Khandvalla & Co.

1714-18—Shamrao M & H, Messrs Jamnadas Herakji & Co, a firm v Narandas Dwarkadas a firm, Mehta D & Co.

1717-18—In Person Joseph Jacob Sopher v Ezikeel Elias Juddah, Mirza M & M.

1740-18—Tyabji D & Co, Jugmohandas Harilal & Co a firm v Dwarkadas Chotalal a firm.

1758-18—Jamshedji K & D, Messrs Narrotam Haridas v Hassanally Nasserally.

1767-18—Motichand & D, Jagabhai Dalkatbhai and ors v A P Maurice & anr, Daphtary F & D.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL

LONG CAUSES.

1512-18—Patell and Ex. Solomon Reuben Soongankar v Valli Fateh Mahomed, M B Chothia, Part Heard.

S C 493-18—In Person, Manecklal Chunilal Shroff v Siddikbhai Abdullabhai & anr, Ard H D & Co.

259-18—Bhaishanker K & G, Dayabhai Tapidas and ors v Khimji Walji and anr, Mehta D & L.

1101-17—Surveyor & Co, Sayyed Ibrahim Sayyed Yoosuf v Rajabally Tyebally Jamsetji R and D.

1378-17—Shamrao M & H, Messrs Kanga and Co a firm v Manekbai and anr, Edgelow G W & Co.

1172-17—Captain & V, Dewchand Mulji Chokasy v P Krishnaswamy Naidu, Vachha & Co.

1877-17—Mirza M and M, Manilal Ichharam Desai Natwarlal Ichharam Desai and Daphtary F and D. Mr. Kanga & D. Madhowji F & D.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR TUESDAY, THE 17TH OF DECEMBER, 1918.

BEFORE THE HON MR. JUSTICE MACLEOD.

In the Division Court No. 43.

AFTER THE INSOLVENCY COURT WORK IS OVER.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL.

LONG CAUSES

779-17—Little & Co., R Ditmar Brunner Bros. Ld., vs Ebrahim Peermahomed & Co a firm, Payne & Co.

836-17—Shroff & D, Messrs. Navlaji Dipaji & Co a firm v. J. F Mistry, Jamsetjee R and D. Part Heard.

SHORT CAUSE.

1660-18—M B Chottia, Chimanlal Kalidas v. Chandulal Keshavlal Shah, Kanga & S.

LONG CAUSES.

1918-18—Rustomji and G, Haribhai Jarabhai Patel v. Moosa Haji Cassam, Shroff and D.

S C CT. 745/24492-17—Manecklal and K, Hanoomanbux Hurmukhrai v. Jamnadas Lakhimdas, Ardeshir H D & Co.

S. C. CT. 7/156-18—Dubash & Co, Mulshanker Mulji Parekh and anr v. Bhai Miya Ibrahim and anr, Malvi M R & Co.

1412-17—Pocha and Co, Nazaralli Samsudin v. Malwas and Co. a firm, Merwanji K and Co.

1418-17—Khambatta and Co, Ebrahimbhoy Rahimbhoy v. Farukhnissa Bibi, Mulji and Tha.

1421-17—Captain and V, Hirji Jetha and Co a firm v. Tulsidas Goverdhandas a firm, Mehta D and L.

1422-17—Bhimji & Co., Bhikhibai v. Ramji Jairam, Captain and V.

41-18—Tyabji D and Co., Badridas Hanumandas a firm v. Ramgopal Buldeo, Khandvalla and Co.

1851-17—Vachha and Co, Pestonji Byramji Mehta v. Jehangir Framji Lenten, Shamrao M and H.

22-18—Shroff and D, Laxmidas Bhimji a firm v. Narandas Dwarkadas a firm, Mehta D and L.

27-18—Crawford B and Co., Virchand Dolla and Co a firm v. Krishnarao Haris-chandra Mantri, Dubash and Co.

136-18—Little and Co., The Sizing Materials Co., Ltd v. Surana Dalal and Co a firm, Edgelow G W and Co.

BEFORE THE HON MR. JUSTICE MARTEN.

In the Division Court No. 40.

To Speak to the Minutes of Order (in Chamber).

In Re Indian Coy's Act VII of 1913—Sham M and H. In re-Gaikwad Sugar Works and Distillery Co Ld v. Dr. Hari Waman Bhat Petitioner. Parties concerned. Order dated 11-11-18.

FOR DISMISSAL (IN COURT),

83-18—Amin and D Bai Champa widow v. Damubai alias Damanlal Parbhulal Gulfar and ors, Malvi M R and Co.

FOR CONSENT DECREE.

1472-18—Dharamsi and Co, Abu Bakar Oosman v. Haji Ahmed Haji Abdulla and ors Ard H D and Co.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL

TESTAMENTARY SUIT.

11-18—Re Hiralal Virchand, Hiralal and Co, Bai Jebba widow v Hargowandas Virchand, G B Pandya.

LONG CAUSES.

1199-17 Madh K and Ch. Lakhmidas Trikamji v Naranji Haribhai and ors, Mulla and M. Part heard 10-12-18.

1295-17—Mulla and M. Khemraj Shrikisendas v. Parshotam alias Nathu Vishwanath Londe.

726-17—Crawford B and Co, Peter William Monie and anr v Fazalbhoy Peer Mahomed and anr, Captain and V.

COMMERCIAL CAUSE.

1250-18—Bhimji and Co, Messrs Merwanji and Co a firm v Lalji Doongersey, Motichand and D.

906-15—Bhai K and G, R D Sethna v Rehimtu nissa Begum widow and ors, Mer K and Co, Purshotam and Co.

1244-17—N C Dalal, Gordhandas Purshotamdas and ors v Dowlatram Kundanmal a firm and ors, Malvi M R and Co.

176-18—Captain and V, Moroji Premji a firm v Khimchand Herakchand and ors.

767-17—Mer K and Co, Gopal Balkrishna Mahimkar and ors v Narayen Ramji and ors, In person.

720-17—Manekal and K, Hanumanbux Harmukhraj v The Ahmedabad Cotton Mfg Co. Ltd. Bhai K and G.

984-17—Captain and V, Messrs. Breul and Co a firm v Gulam Hoosein Mamooji and ors, Matu J and M. Pocha and Co.

116-18—Mer K and Co, The Advocate-General of Bombay v Mulla Kutbudin bin Mulla Fakruddin and anr, Khan J and M.

498-17—Purnanand and Co, Ratilal Mulji and Co a firm v Madabal Venkoba Chetty a firm, Soonderdas and Co.

467-15—Madh K and Ch. Talakchand Mansukhbai v Bhagwandas Gangaram a firm, Ard H D and Co.

430-16—Shroff and D, Fatmabai widow v Hajibhoy Nensey and anr, Matu J and M.

976-17—Mulla and M, Maganlal Deoshanker a firm v Mohanlal Dolatram and anr, Jam R and D.

BEFORE THE HON. MR. JUSTICE HAYWARD.

In the Division Court No. 53.

SUITS FOR HEARING AND FINAL DISPOSAL

SHORT CAUSES.

1894-17—Matubhai J and M. Monghibai widow v Rajabally Nuzzeralli and ors, Mer K and Co.

542-18—Kanga and S, Messrs Mohandas Lachhmandas a firm v K S N Gupta and anr.

699-18—Wadia G and Co, Langley Billimoria and Co a firm v Velji Maneck.

1111-18—Khandvalla & Co, Ramgopal Buldeo v Badrinarayen Hiralal a firm.

1290-18—Jehangir M & S, Cooverji Nowroji Mehta v Jal Pestonji Virji.

1263-18—Motichand & D, Messrs Dayalal Dhanji Javeri a firm v Bai Tarabai, widow.

1286-18—Madhowji K & Ch, Harsukhdas Chhoogonlal a firm v Rupchand Banumal a firm.

1416-18—Malvi M R & Co, Doongerseydas Ramchandra v Ebrahim Noorudin & Co, a firm, Mulji Tha.

1462-18—Merwanji K & Co, Shapurji Maneckji Motabhoy v B Cawasji & Co a firm

1509-18—Shamrao Md H. Escofalli Lokhmanji Khandvalla v Goolam Hoosain Esaji.

1556-18—Khandvalla & Co, Punamchand Dharmsal a firm v Premji Dharamsee.

1603-18—Pram H & Co, Ismailji Tajbhoy & Sons a firm v Johor E Minnit Ld.

1634-18—Matu J & M, Alli Mahomed Abdulla & Co a firm v Sha Jagannath Chhaganlal Bros a firm Jamshedji K & D.

1642-18—Khandvalla & Co, Khodidas Dayabhai a firm v Himatlal Dayabhoy a firm Amin & Co.

(Continued in Column 5.)

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY.

Bombay 1st Extra Meeting, Mahaluxhmi race course. First race starts at 2-45 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 18.

Mr. Arundale's lecture on the "Delhi Congress," Morarji Goculdas Hall, Cavel 6-30 p.m., (S.T.).

AMUSEMENTS.

Royal Opera House: at 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
Palace of Varieties: Gaiety Theatre, 6-30 and 10-0 p.m.
Excelsior Theatre: Bandman Opera Co., 9.30 and Cinema at 6-30.
Empire Cinema: at 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
West End Cinema: 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.
Majestic Cinema: 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30.
New Alhambra Cinema: 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.
Precious Cinema: 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30.

THE CYCLING CIRCLE.

The members of the Cycling Circle, Bandra, made their annual tour on cycles to Marwa, starting on Saturday night at 7 from Bandra and reaching Marwa at 9 the outing was a success and the members spent an enjoyable time.

GRANT COLLEGE MEDICAL SOCIETY.

A special meeting of the Society will be held at the Grant Medical College Library at 4.30 p.m. (S. T.), to-day, at which the report of the Committee appointed for the purpose of making suggestions or alterations in the Ethical Suggestions for the guidance of the Medical Practitioners, sent for the opinion of the Grant College Medical Society, by the Bombay Medical Council, will be considered.

CALCUTTA RACES.

THIRD EXTRA MEETING.

(From Our Correspondent.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 16.

The postponed third extra meeting was run off to-day, in beautiful weather. The course owing to the recent heavy rains, rode a little heavy. Good fields went out in almost every race, but there was only one exciting finish, viz., in Cornwallis Plate, when Royal Ambition, nicely ridden by Huxley, just managed to win in the long run in the Wellesley Plate and did all that was asked of him. He was a firm and a favourite all through. He lay deadly all through the race, and as soon as Huxley gage him his head he smothered all opposition and simply cantered in. Lord Grey should have won the Midget Plate, but he was badly left at the start. Only three favourites came home, other races being captured by outsiders in the chase. Four horses came to grief and canberra, who started at twenties, romped home an easy winner. Twelvfie firms of bookmakers attended. Speculation was very keen, and attendance at all the enclosures was very large.

MIDGET PLATE. Distance—5 furlongs.
H. H. Maharaja of Patiala's LITTLE WONDER, 8-13, F. Nosthmore 1
Mr. Scott's LORD GREY, 7-6, S. J. Meekings 2
Col. Ur's MUNDERAH, 8-1, (carried 8-2), White 3
Also ran:—Toylen 9-5, Torai 8-5, Little Twinkle 6-7.
Won by short head 2½ lengths between second and third.
Time:—1 min, 5 secs.
Betting:—3 to 2 Lord Grey, threes Little Wonder, eights Toylene, longer prices the rest.
Totalizators paid:—Re. 31 win, Rs. 12 and Rs. 12 places.
The race:—Of a struggling start Memderah was the quickest away, Lord Grey being the last but one. He came very fast, and soon went to the head of affairs. At the middle distance Little Wonder challenged him, winning after a ding dong finish.
TRIAL CHASE PLATE. Distance—2½ miles.
Lt. Col. Smith's CANBERRA, 10-6, Marland, ... 1
Mr. Allan's, BRANDICHOC, 10-12, Williams 2
Messrs. Swan and Hilliard's, FOOTSTEPS FEARLESS, 10.4, Gray, ... 3
Also ran:—Sumurun, 9-10, Irish Field, 11-7. (fell), Yuan, 11-4, (fell), Marie Antoinette 10-11, (fell), Tarfoot 9-4, (fell.)
Won by 3½ lengths, 1½ lengths between second and third.
Time:—5 min. 8 4/5 secs.
Betting:—threes Irish Field and Yuan, sixes Brandichoc, Footsteps Fearless, and Sumurun, eights Tarfoot, twenties the others.
Totalizators paid:—Rs. 216, win, Rs. 52, Rs. 28, and Rs. 24 places to a level.
The race:—Start Yuan and Footsteps Fearless, led from Sumurun and Tarfoot, Irish Field and Brandichoc being the last. After they had gone once round near 1½ mile post Yuan, Irish Field and Marie Antainette fell later. Tarfoot also fell. Canberra now assumed command and won easily.
CREEDERS PLATE. Distance 6 furlongs.
Mr. Singh's WEELAD, 8-12, Ruiz 1
Mr. Ghorpadi's MAIDEN PALM, 7-12 Rose 2
Capt. Watter's RED VIRGIN, 6-8, Northmore 3
Also ran:—Black Friar, 8-7, Oosmania, 9-8.
Won by 1-1/12 lengths head between 2nd and 3rd.
Time:—1 min. 17-3/5 secs.
Betting:—7 to 4 Red Virgin, 5 to 2 Maiden Palm, threes Wee Lad, sixes Black Friar, tens Oosmania.
Totalizators paid:—Rs. 37, win and Rs. 18 and 22 places.
The race:—Wee Lad was the quickest away and was followed by Maiden Palm, the rest being in a cluster a few lengths off. Towards the finish, Red Virgin appeared on the scene, but Ruiz shook Wee Lad, who just managed to win.
BENTINCK PLATE. Division I. Distance.—7 furlongs.
Mr. Thomas' POMADE, 8-7, White 1
Mr. Pratt's YSTRAD, 8-11, Ruiz 2
Mr. Mullik's VERLAND ROSE, 7-7, Rose. 3
Also ran:—Meridian 7-12, Hapton 9.3, Laveco, Gipsy's Advice 8-10, Larigot 8-9, Renette, Carpe Diem 8-6, Lebanemn 8-1, Warden 8-0, Glencairne 7-13, Namet II 7-10, Higher Level 7-9, Sabinard 7-9.
Won by 1-1/4 lengths head between 2nd and 3rd.
Time:—1 min. 30 secs.
Betting:—twos Ystrad, fours Lebanon and Meridian, sixes Renette and Warden, eights Pomade, long prices others.
Totalizators paid:—Rs. 252 win, Rs. 55, 19 and 54 places.
The race:—Capt. Deane sent them off to a good start. Ystrad jumped off with the lead, but Verland Rose soon ranged alongside,, followed by Pomade and Meridian and these four had the race all to themselves.
WELLESLEY PLATE. Distance.—1-1/4 miles.
Mr. Galstaun's DARK LEGEND, 9-8, Huxley 1
Mr. R. R. S.'s MAGYAR, 9-9, Templeman. 2
Mr. R. R. S.'s QUARRYMAN, 8-11, Pullin 3
Also ran:—First Flier 9-8, Kiltoi 9-9, Double Scotch 9-8, King's Fare 8-7, All Silk 8-6.
Betting:—3 to 2 on Dark Legend, fours Kiltoi, fives Magyar, eights King's Fare Twelves Double Scotch and Quarryman, twenties others.
Totalizators paid:—Rs. 18 win, Rs. 15, 19 and 27 places.
Won by 2-1/2 lengths 1-3/14 lengths between 2nd and 3rd.
Time:—2 mts. 10-1/15 secs.
Kiltoi dwelt slightly at the start but he soon overhauled them all and led with King's Fare Then came Mr. R. R. S.'s pair and then Dark Legend. Quarryman was the first in the straight, followed by Magyar and Dark Legend. As soon as Huxley gave Dark Legend his head, the race was over.
CORNWALLES PLATE. Distance.—1 mile.
Mr. Goculdas ROYAL AMBITION, 8-7, Huxley 1
Mr. Lauder's ALLAN BRIG, 7-2, North more 2
Mr. Wahed's EAGLE'S NEST, 8-11, Barden 3
Also ran:—Red Spear 8-2, Cynite 9-2, Wolfaline 9-0, Reigning Star 8-5, Flotelle 8-2, Frisette 7-1, St. Bawn 7.0, Green Boy 7-0.
Won by shorthead, two lengths between 2nd and 3rd.
Time:—1 min. 42 secs.
Betting:—Twos Royal Ambition, fours Frisette, 4½ Eagle's Nest, sixes Red Spear, longer prices the rest.
Totalizators paid:—Rs. 31 win, Rs. 17, 39 and 19 places.
The Race:—Allan Brig set the pace to Frisette Wolfaline and Royal Ambition, Cyanite and Red Spear being the last. Two furlongs from home. Frisette and Wolffaline dropped away and Red Spear appeared on the scene. After a tremendous finish Royal Ambition just landed.
THE STALLES BENTINCK PLATE. (Division II. Distance—7 furlongs.
Mr. Garda's COUNTRY LAD, 9-2, Huxley 1
Mr. Rae's VERST, 8-1, Marland 2
Lt.-Col. Smith's SEVEN BRIDGE, 8-6, H. Muskings 3
Also ran:—Braggart 9-3, Paganini 9-0, Santicok 8-10, Wolfram 8.9, Fugle Lady 8-8, Anghnaclov 8-7, Finch Cock 8.3, Sourney Boy 7-13, Watch Tower 7-4, (carried 7-7), Zelia 7-2, (carried 7-7).
Won by ½ lengths shorthead between second and third.
Time:—1 min. 29 4/5 secs.
Betting—5 to 4 Country Lad, 7 to 2 Wolfram, eights Santicola, Fugle Lady and Verst, longer prices the rest.
Totalizators paid:—Rs. 23 win, Rs. 16, Rs. 26 and Rs. 62 places.
The race:—To a level start Verst led, and he was followed by Downey Boy, Country Lad, Seven Bridge and Finchemeck, the rest being away by a couple of lengths near the entrance. At the straight Downey Boy dropped off and Country Lad closed with the leader. Country Lad won with pounds in hand, and Seven Bridge stalled off a challenge from Paganini and took third place.

TO-DAY'S RACES.

FORECAST.

(By Our Racing Correspondent.)

In giving our Forecast for the 1st Extra Meeting we would like to caution our readers against placing too much reliance on our selections. It is only of those horses, whose gallops have been recorded, that an idea may be formed of the probabilities of the day. Many animals, that will run have not galloped openly and nothing is known about them.

* * * *

For the 2nd Division of the Tulsi Plate we hear that Taj, Harrington, Arabistan, Financier and Little John have done good work during the week. For win we give.

Fahad Bin Saif's selection the best chance,
FINANCIER 2
ARABISTAN 3

* * * *

For the 1st Division of the same plate.
DHAIDAN is reported to be well and likely to win,
NATAL 2
JUSTICE 3

* * * *

BLACK KITE is fancied in the Winter Plate,
MAZBOOT 2
MISS ROLLESTONE 3

* * * *

For the Leicester Plate, MISS RICH will run well.
TROSTAN 2
PEACH MELBA 3

* * * *

BYCULLA ought to win the Red Car Plate.
SUNGLARE 2
CARDINGTON 3

* * * *

If Cessation were fit he would win the 1st Division of the Teheran Plate, easily. Mentor is also reported to be a good thing, and Hadoor is well liked by his connections. Resold and Beadmaker should be watched; All things considered we prefer—
MENTOR ..... Win
HADOOR 2
BEADMAKER 3

* * * *

In the 2nd Division of the same plate it is hard to pick as the field is large and little is known of their latest performances. We hear that
METTLE will run well.
HATHAM 2
DUKE OF CONNAUGHT 3

"PRECIOUS" RACE TIPS.

The following is a forecast by Messrs. Karani and China, near Railway Hotel, Grant Road, proprietors of the "Precious race card" which will be issued on and after the second extra meeting:—

WINTER PLATE.—6 furlongs.
MAZBOOT 2
COUNTY CRICKET 1
BLACK-KITE 3
ROYAL BAND. Fluke.
LEICESTER PLATE.—5 furlongs.
DUET 1
MISS RICH 2
DOLLET 3
BELLE-SYME. Fluke.
REDCAR PLATE.—5 furlongs.
GLASS-ROCK 1
SUNGLARE 2
BATTEN (late Parvus). Fluke.
TEHERAN PLATE. Division I.—1 mile
MENTOR 1
INVESTOR 2
BLACK IVORY 3
DANDELLION, Fluke.
TEHERAN PLATE.—Division II.
MERRILY 1
TASMANIA 2
DEVILDOM 3
PORT CULLIS. Fluke.
TULSI PLATE.—5 furlongs.—Division II.
MADRAS 1
TAJ 2
ARABISTAN 3
ATOM. Fluke.
TULSI PLATE.—5 furlongs.—Division I.
ALLADIN 1
MECHANIC 2
ARGONAUT 3
NATAL. Fluke.

SELF-DETERMINATION FOR INDIA.

HER FITNESS.

Under the auspices of the Home Rule League, Bombay branch, a public meeting was held last night at the Kutchi Lohana Wadi under the presidency of Mr. B. G. Horniman. The place was full long before the meeting commenced and the spacious gallery and even the windows of the surrounding tenements were fully occupied by an enthusiastic audience. Among the audience, it was interesting to behold many new faces, not the least impressive feature of which was the presence of a very large number of Mahomedans all of whom seemed greatly impressed by the story related by the various speakers of the conduct of the Home Rule leaders who fought for the vindication of a fundamental public right..

During the interval preceding the commencement of the meeting several gentlemen enrolled themselves as members of the Home Rule League. When Mr. Horniman arrived, there was an enthusiastic outburst of cheering which lasted for over five minutes. When Mr. Vibhakar was addressing the meeting Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas and Mr. Umar Sobhani arrived and they were also given a rousing reception.

In opening the proceedings Mr. Horniman said that they had met there that evening to hear addresses on Home Rule (cheers).by some of the distinguished speakers of the Home Rule League and he had no desire to stand between them and the audience. He then called on Mr. Vaikuntrai Ambalal Desai to address the meeting.

Mr.. Desai said that one of the chief causes which led foreigners to rule over India was dissensions among the Indian peoples, so the most important thing for Indians at present was to become united. He was glad to state their dissensions were gradually being removed. The events of December the 11th (cheers) had proved that India had at last awakened, and he was confident that that awakening would endure (Hear, hear.)

Mr. Desai then urged the audience to contribute their mite to the proposed Jinnah Memorial Fund, reference t owhich had been made in the "Bombay Chronicle," of Monday. The lowest amount to be paid in the fund was rupee one. (Applause.)

SELF-DETERMINATION FOR INDIA.

Mr. .Vibhaker then rose to address the meeting. Just then Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas arrived on the platform, and was accorded a great ovation. Mr. Vibhaker said that the events of December the 11th had abundantly proved that each and every member of the Home Rule League was proud to belong to the League, and he was confident that there would be no one among the audience who would go home without becoming a member of the League.. If Indians were granted Home Rule they would remove defects in the Government of the country and would conduct the administration efficiently. Not only that, but also they would put an end to autocracy, highhandedness and "Johnkumism" which were so rampant at present.

Proceeding, he said that the events of December the 11th had proved to the hilt that police, law and justice ought to be in the hands of the Indian people. Peace deliberations were soon to begin among the belligerents, and if India did not get independence and self-determination all the blood that had been shed for the vindication of the rights of smaller nations for self-determination, would have been shed in vain. (Hear, here.).

Continuing, the speaker said that it was not fit for them to wait for the Peace Conference. Indians were not beggars who would take as much as was doled out to them. (Hear, here). If they continued their present agitation and their present perseverance and steadfastness the time would soon come (loud cheers) when police, law and justice would be in the hands of men like Mr. Horniman. (Cheers). Then they would show to the bureaucracy how to conduct those departments, for the public welfare. (Applause).

INDIA'S FITNESS FOR SELF-GOVERNMENT.

Mr. Jamnadas who rose amid ringing cheers, said that the people of Bombay had proved that they believed in deeds rather than words (cheers) and the events of December the 11th in which they had shown such a remarkable courage and fearlessness, had proved that Bombay was the pivot and the life and soul of the whole of India. (Applause). If the Police department were in the hands of the Indian people they would not have got such injustice as they had the misfortune to experience last week. The Bombay people by their heroic stand had proved themselves pre-eminently competent for complete autonomy. (Applause).

Refering to the nomination of Sir S. P. Sinha to the Peace Conference Mr. Jamnadas said that Sir Satyendra did not enjoy the confidence of the Indian people. One who was fully aware of the aspirations of the people should have been sent to the Conference. A man like Mr.. Jinnah was the right sort of person to carry out the mission of the people. If a man like Mr. Jinnah could not go to Europe in time, there was their revered leader Mr. Tilak (applause) whom all India with one voice accepted as their leader and spokesman. (Cheers).

Reverting to the incidents of December the 11th he said that they (Indians) had proved themselves worthy of self-government. (Cheers). There was nothing so estimable in this world as the service of the public. Mr. Jamnadas then concluded by saying that the getting of *Swarajya* was in their own hands. It was not for them to beg.

"NO ALSACE-LORRAINING."

Dr. Velkar then addressed the meeting in Marathi. He said that since the Home Rule movement began the qualities of fearlessness and independence had received a vigorous impetus in all the provinces. These qualities were a necessary adjunct of national life and they had demonstrated them in Bombay on the 11th December. He then referred to the question of self-determination and the authoritative declaration of President Wilson and Mr. Lloyd George who had said only the other day that there was to be no more Alsace-Lorraining. He finally appealed to them to attend the Congress which was meeting at Delhi in about a week's time.

Mr. Mowji Govindji Seth said that two months ago some Bombay people thought of erecting a memorial to Lord Willingdon. As if by an irony of fate, they were now on the point of erecting a memorial instead of to Lord Willingdon to the Hon. Mr. Jinnah. (Laughter and cheers). The hall which they were contemplating to build in honour of the Hon. Mr. Jinnah would prove to them all a citadel of righteousness, and freedom, wherein they would all go and ventilate their grievances their hardships would get redressed too. (Applause).

Mr. Devichand Dharamsi recited some verses specially composed in honor of the victory of the 11th December and the verses were very much appreciated.

Mr. Purshottam Patel, who was present at the meeting described his experiences of the 11th December and the good humour with which he described them provoked great laughter. Mr. Patel was heartily cheered by the audience when he resumed his seat.

Mr. R. G. Munsiff proposed a vote of thanks to the Chairman, which was carried with great acclamation.

MR. HORNIMAN'S SPEECH.

After thanking Mr. Munsiff for the very kind references he had made to him, Mr. Horniman said that if his relations with Home Rule audiences in Bombay had hitherto been of a friendly character, after the 11th December, they had become, something more than friends and he looked upon them in the light if brothers (cheers), for whatever they, inside the Town Hall, might have gone through on that day whatever they had to face, they knew that the Home Rulers of Bombay were outside the Hall in their thousands and thousands facing equally great anxiety and danger (cheers). When they came out, many of their friends had told them how much anxiety they had experienced regarding what was happening inside the Hall and the rumours which were being spread from time to time only added to their anxiety. Mr. Horniman assured them that those who were inside felt no less anxiety about those who were outside, especially as constant rumours were reaching them about the conduct of the police and of the words being charged by the mounted police.

On the 11th December they had won their first great victory for self-determination. (Loud cheers.) He hoped that those who did not appreciate—those who refused to believe that the strength of public opinion was behind them—had learnt their lesson about the strength of the Home Rulers. In a speech about a fortnight ago, he had said that the public of Bombay was a Home Rule public. At that time, the declaration had been met by jests and jeers in the opposition press. But on the 11th December they had demonstrated beyond doubt that the public of Bombay, was a Home Rule public and that those who said they were not so were themselves a small section of noisy agitators (Laughter and cheers.) What did they show then? If they were unable to have the management in their own hands they had shown that if the people had the strength the spirit and the determination none could say to them that this or that should or should not be. They went to the meeting with no arms, no lathis, they had no bayonets on their side nor had they mounted police to ride down their opponents (cheers.) There was even no *biryani* for them to fortify the inner man. (Laughter.) But still they had succeeded in asserting the voice of the people. They had won the day and declared that Lord Willingdon should have no memorial. (Cheers.) In the moment of triumph, let us not forget the lesson we taught ourselves, said Mr. Horniman. If they were only strong, determined and united, they must ultimately win the day and the people's voice must prevail. It had been said that the victory was not only a victory for Bombay but for the whole of India. It would be a victory for the whole of India. They carried the same spirit and determination with them throughout the country. They had to face another great battle over the question: "Was India to have or not to have the right to self-determination? That question was going to be decided within a short time. In the Congress which was going to meet shortly those of them who went from Bombay would go there with the same spirit and determination that was shown on December 11th and they would be able to show that they had the people's voice behind them. If they could do so, the victory was theirs. Referring to the claim of India to self-determination Mr. Horniman asked what was it when the Allies and President Wilson had said to Germany. We refused to hare anything to do with the German Government until we know that it is a Government thoroughly representative of the German people. What was it self-determination was insisted upon for Germany and if they in India were offered nothing more than that wretched declaratiin of August 20th last, what was that to them? Was it-self-determination? (Cries or No) Was it-self-determination if Lord Curzon and Lord Milner (shame) were to determine for them what step they should take what progress they should make? Montagu Chelmsford scheme of reforms was not self-determination. He did not want to go into the merits of the scheme but he emphasised that it depended on the spirit and determination of the people themselves whether that scheme in its final form really embodied the principles of selfdetermination or not. (Loud cheers).

Before dessolving the meeting Mr. Horniman announced a lecture for to-morrow (6-30 p.m.) at the Morarji Goculdas Hall and another at Dana Bunder on Thursday at 9-30 p.m.

INTERNED GERMANS IN SOUTH AFRICA.

PUBLIC DEMAND FOR THEIR REPATRIATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 16.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., Dec. 16.

A crowded enthusiastic meeting held at Maritzburg, passed a resolution demanding the repatriation of interned enemies, punishment for the ill-treatment of Allied war prisoners and retention of ex-German colonies.

A mass meeting at Kimberley passed a resolution requesting the Imperial Government to demand the punishment of persons from the highest to the lowest, who were responsible for the inhuman treatment of Allied prisoners. The meeting also demanded that the Union Government repatriate all interned enemies.

BRITISH PRISONERS FROM TURKEY.

LETTER TREATED BY TURKS THAN BY GERMANS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 11.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., Dec. 16.

Thirty British prisoners from Turkey, mostly men from the West Kents, Dorsets and Essex, have arrived in London. One said he was better treated by the Turks at Tarsus than by the Germans at Entile.

Sergeant Hawkes, of the Dorsets, who was captured at Gaza and was in hospital for a year, also said he was well treated by the Turks. When he left the hospital he worked on the Bagdad railway under the Germans and the conditions there were very bad.

IMPERIAL CONFERENCE OF SOVIETS.

DELEGATES WORKMEN'S AND SOLIER'S COUNCILS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 15.
Recd. 11-45 p.m., Dec. 16.

AMSTERDAM.—A message from Berlin states that the Workmen's Councils in Berlin have elected seven majority Socialists, five Independent Socialists and one "Intellectual" as delegates to the Imperial Conference of the Soviets.

The Soldiers' Councils of Berlin have elected four majority Socialists and two Independent Socialists and passed a unanimous resolution protesting against the summoning of the Reichstag as treason and demanding that the President of the Reichstag should be called to account.

BRITISH AEROPLANE BOUND FOR KARACHI.

ARRIVAL AT LE-BOURGET.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Dec. 15.
Recd. 7 p.m., Dec. 16.

The Havas Agency states: The British aeroplane which left Ipswich for Karachi arrived at Le Bourget yesterday. The journey may be made in seven stages.

NEW DEMOCRATIC CABINET IN SOFIA.

THEODOROFF AS PREMIER AND FOREIGN MINISTER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 15.
Recd. 11-45 p.m., Dec. 16.

A message from Sofia states that a new Democratic Cabinet has been formed with Theodoroff as Premier and Foreign Minister. The Cabinet includes a civilian War Minister, which is an important democratic innovation.

AMERICAN COTTON CROP.

FINAL ESTIMATE 11,700,000 BALES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 11.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., Dec. 16.

WASHINGTON.—The Agricultural Bureau's final estimate of the cotton crop is 11,700,000 bales.

"THE DELHI CONGRESS."

MR. ARUNDALE'S LECTURE.

Under the joint auspices of the Home Rule Leagues a public lecture will be delivered by Mr. G. S. Arundale on the "Delhi Congress" to-morrow, at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.), at Mirarji Goculdas Hall, Cavel Street, when Mr. B. G. Horniman will preside.

BOMBAY'S NEW GOVERNOR.

(Continued from page 8.)

duties, the responsibilities and the principles of imperial citizenship. (Applause).

You assured me then of your cordial cooperation and I am now proud and happy to acknowledge that that assurance has been amply and splendidly fulfilled. Believe me that it is in no spirit of arrogance that I say that the times we have lived in have brought with them burdens and responsibilities heavier and more anxious than any of our predecessors have borne, heavier and more anxious, I trust, than any generation that succeeds us will ever be called upon to face; through all that time I have been constantly supported by the generous help, the loyalty and the friendship of the citizens of every part of the Presidency, of every creed and race and every rank of society, and more particularly by the citizens of this city of Bombay. For all this I wish to offer you our most sincere, our most heartfelt thanks. How far I have been able to make good the promise, which, for my part, I then made to you, I leave you to judge. I can only say that my endeavour to fulfil it represents my life and work for the last five years In one respect at least fortune and nature have been kind to me. Until these last two months the Bombay Presidency, in spite of the war, has enjoyed on the whole favourable and even bounteous seasons. It is one of my greatest regrets in leaving you at this juncture that I do so on the threshhold of a time of scarcity and distress. It would have rejoiced me to have been able to stay with you and do what lay in my power to help in the difficult days that lie ahead. But my experience of the courage and constancy with which the people of this Presidency have encountered all the trials occasioned by the war and, in particular, the energy and enthusiasm with which the citizens of Bombay have initiated the campaign give me every confidence that you will pass through this ordeal also with flying colours. I said that the feelings uppermost in my mind to-day were gratitude and regret, and gratitude I have endeavoured, however inadequately, to express to you.

But I cannot attempt to express with what heavy hearts we say good-bye to the Presidency and to the City of Bombay, nor how many and how happy are the memories of our life amongst you which we shall bear away with us. And so on behalf of my wife and myself, I thank you once more for all your kind and generous words and wish you, with all my heart, all happiness and prosperity in the great future which lies before you and your beautiful and beloved City of Bombay.

Farewell if ever fondest prayer
For others' weal availed on high,
Mine would not all be lost in air
But waft thy name unto the sky. (Loud applause.)

SIR GEORGE LLOYD ASSUMES CHARGE.

GOVERNMENT PROCLAMATION.

A Bombay Government Gazette, Extraordinary, issued yesterday contained the following proclamation:—

Whereas his Excellency Sir George Ambrose Lloyd, G.C.I.E., D.S.O., has been appointed by His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor of India, to the Office of Governor of Bombay and its Dependencies it is hereby proclaimed that his Excellency Sir George Lloyd has this day at 6-30 p.m. assumed charge of the Government of Bombay and its Dependencies, and all persons are required to obey his Excellency the said Sir George Lloyd as Governor and President in Council accordingly.

ARAB ASPIRATIONS.

SHERIF FEISUL INTERVIEWED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 12.
Recd. 7 p.m., Dec. 16.

Sheriff Feisul, interviewed by Reuter, said all Arabs would be grateful that M. Clemenceau had assured the Central Syrian Committee that France would ensure that Syria would be able to work out her own civilisation and liberty and that the problems of Asia Minor and Syria would be brought before the Peace Conference as an open issue for settlement by all parties concerned. The Sheriff emphasised that the present administration in Syria in no way restricted the liberty of the people. Referring to Zionist aspirations in Palestine, the Sheriff said that the Arabs and the Jews—the two main branches of the Semitic family—understood each other. He hoped as a result of the interchange of ideas at the Peace Conference that each nation would make definite progress towards the realisation of its aspirations. The Arabs intended to give fairplay to the Zionist Jews who had promised to see that the nationalist Arabs had fairplay in their respective areas.

FRANCO-BELGIAN FRONTIER

OPENONLY TO PASSPORT HOLDERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 15.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., Dec. 16.

The Franco-Belgian frontier is only open to persons provided with passports.

MUSLIM STUDENTS' UNION.

Mr. Syud Hossain will deliver a lecture on "The Place of Mahomedans in the National Life of India" in the Anjuman-i-Islam Hall, Hornby Road, Fort, on Saturday next, the 21st instant at 6-30 p.m., and not to-day as was announced. The Hon. Mr. M. A. Jinnah will preside.

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MR. P. D. DIKSHIT House Agent, MAHABLESHWAR begs to announce that he is on a short visit to Bombay, and staying in the Empire Hindu Hotel, Empire Building, Fort. People desirous of going to Mahableshwar now or for the next hot season, should enquire and engage decent Bungalows there through him. 'Phone No. 2789, or call between (1 and 4 p.m.)

For careful and ornamental contract work in Marble, flooring Tiles and Dado Tiles visit our showrooms, satisfy yourself and settle promptly. Rates advancing every day. F. Muraglia & Co. MARBLE, TILE, ASBESTOS AND CEMENT MERCHANTS, Apollo Bunder, BOMBAY. TELEPHONE 2509.

SWADESHI STORES CLEARANCE SALE EXTENSION UP TO *Sunday 22nd instant.*

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ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

YOUSUF H. ISSA.—We cannot refer to the matter at present.
SUBRAMANYA GURUKKAM.—We cannot publish your letter.

DR. V. G MANTRI, D.D.S. (America.) DENTAL SURGEON. 272-277, Hornby Road, Fort. opp. Lawrence & Mayo.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE. Tuesday, 17th December, 1918.

MEMORIALS THAT ARE WANTED.

We are now in a position to give some thought to a question which ought not to be shelved any longer. We refer to the need for the preparatory steps for the erection of memorials to the thousands of British and Indian troops that have fallen in the war. This does not mean that immediately fully prepared schemes should be placed before the Government of India or Provincial Governments for acceptance and execution. We plead rather for some evidence that this important matter is under consideration, and that responsible authorities are giving consideration to a subject on which expert advice will be most necessary. Not only will it be necessary that adequate memorials should be raised, but it is almost as important that authorities should be on their guard against hastily formed schemes, which will hinder rather than advance the cause at heart. The matter of war memorials for British troops has already been widely discussed in the English press, and strong expert committees have been at work preparing the way for suitable memorials as soon as normal conditions prevail. The question of suitable memorials for the Indian troops who have fallen is essentially a matter for the Indian people who must use their influence, through their representatives, with the Government of India. Up to the present very little attention has been paid to the question, though recently the people in some of the large cities have mooted the question in the councils. But the case cannot be met by the action of private individuals for the circumstances demand something far beyond the means of individuals. In no previous war have Indians been so at one with the British and by their activities in the various theatres they have not only earned imperishable fame, but they have earned for themselves a new place in the regard of the other parts of the Empire and the world.

In most previous wars in which they have participated there has been an absence of the sense of unity which has been the mainspring of their actions in this war. Indians have fought against Indians, and the victor has erected a memorial to commemorate the victory; Indians have fought against foreigners, French, Dutch, Portuguese, and British, and the memorials raised to commemorate many of the victories bring little sense of pride to those who were defeated; in this war, Indians have fought alongside the Allies as equals, and the victory is as sweet to the people of this land as to the people of England and France. Then, too, there has been a wonderful absence of the mixed motives which have usually incited peoples to take part in war. It was soon realised that the Allies were fighting against an evil spirit, which, unless completely crushed, would destroy the freedom of the world. India has played her part, and on every battlefield her soldiers have died. She has done her share in winning the world's freedom. Thus, quite apart from the natural pride India has in the glorious exploits of her sons, she must needs glory in the significance of the victory to world freedom that she has shared in. To commemorate her part, it is imperative that adequate war memorials should be erected in this land, and that Indians should interest themselves in the matter so that their voice may be heard when definite steps are taken by the authorities. As in England and other countries, so in this country there ought to be some great central war memorial. In England we know that a memorial on a grand scale is contemplated, and though this country may not be able to contemplate the expenditure of any very large sum, all must be agreed that only by some such central memorial can the contribution of the various races of India receive adequate recognition. The question of location will naturally cause considerable difference of opinion. As the capital of India, Delhi will have strong claims; as the city most intimately connected with the war, Bombay will have claims hard to supersede; Calcutta, which still retains much of her glory of the former capital, will doubtless press her claims. Such a matter could only be decided by the Government of India, after a close examination of the possibilities of each place. Then, too, the nature of the memorial will require careful consideration. In wealthy countries like England and France, there will not be the same need as in this country to consider the question of expense. Opinion in England appears to tend in the direction of erecting a huge building of great architectural merits, which shall primarily be a commemorative structure, though the utilitarian consideration is not altogether excluded. In India, where the expenditure of large sums ought not to be begun without careful scrutiny, there will doubtless be a strong tendency to emphasise the need for a building which will serve a utilitarian purpose. Within limits this will be wise, and it ought not to be difficult to combine a striking architectural conception with public utility in a building which will serve as a war memorial. While there need be no excessive emphasis on the utilitarian aspect of a memorial, the Indian people would be wise to seek to keep this aspect in mind. In the smaller towns such ambitious schemes will not be necessary or possible.

But here a word of warning may be uttered. We have around us too many evidences of hastily executed memorial schemes, which possess neither architectural beauty nor utilitarian attractions. Perhaps we have had enough monuments and statues, though we admit that, provided these are real works of art, it is difficult to improve on them as purely commemorative memorials. The public buildings in India are all too few, and if it were possible to combine the war memorial with educational and other schemes for the uplift of the people the wishes of those who have died would be fulfilled more truly than by the erection of memorials which have little value. These men died for the future greatness of their people, and steps taken with this object in view will be most in consonance with their desires. But we are not confined to the erection of statues or buildings. India is greatly lacking in good roads, and it would be difficut to find memorials more fitting than fine broad roads. In our cities with their congested quarters, broad roads might be built, thus bringing light and fresh air into houses which are now nothing but dens of death. In few towns in India is there not scope for this type of war memorial. Some classes will prefer the erection of temples, mosques or churches. While the feeling underlying such desire can meet with nothing but praise, such memorials would be rather the work of certain sects than public authorities. But whatever may be the type of memorial decided on by the different authorities,—and there is no need for any uniformity,—care must be taken that the memorials are worthy of the great cause for which the men died. For not only have the old and new Indian armies fought well in battles of unprecedented violence, but they have helped to win the freedom of the world.

REFORMS—AND SOME OPPONENTS.

Sir Andrew Fraser, formerly Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, has contributed an article on "The Montagu-Chelmsford Report" to a recent number of "The Nineteenth Century", in the course of which he gives a very effective reply to the objections raised by Lord Sydenham and others of his type against the scheme. Strongly condemning the attitude of the "Spectator" and describing its criticism on the scheme as rabid and unreasonable, he says that "the British Government is distinctly pledged to the adoption of a policy of responsible government in India," by the August announcement of 1917. The new policy outlined in the Report is, according to him, "the inevitable outcome of the principles and practice of British rule in India for generations". He then discusses the details of the scheme. He says that local self-government has been a great success and favours the grant of complete responsibility in that sphere. The proposals regarding the changes in provinces "generally commend" themselves to him. Then he criticises the pamphlet issued by the Indo-British Association—"Indian Opposition to Home Rule"—and points out the misstatements made in it. He has the frankness to admit that "there is one very striking lesson in the compilation, which old Indians like myself will do well to remember, *viz.*, that India is not to-day what it was even ten years ago". He gives the Montagu-Chelmsford the scheme "a hearty welcome", and he earnestly hopes that it will be launched without unnecessary delay and carried out successfully. What is to be noted about this support is that it comes from a member of the Indo-British Association. It shows the hollowness of the artificial opposition set up by that association against the scheme. In a post-script attached to the article he refers to the article of Dr. Nair in the September number of the "Nineteenth Century". He does not accept the statements of his case, and thinks that "political hunger" is not confined to self-interested firebrands and misguided students. His most welcome statement is this: "*The power to govern others is not necessarily the right of any man or body of men; but self-government is a right which can only be justly withheld from the incapable or unworthy.*" Will the Anglo-Indians note this?

Lala Lajpatrai has written a very thoughful letter to the "Nation", discussing the attitude of the British opponents of the Reform scheme. He says:

"The British opposition to the Montagu-Chelmsford Scheme for constitutional reforms in India may be classified under two heads. (a) Of people who are by conviction and tradition opposed to democratic principles within the Empire; (b) of people who though not opposed to democracy at home, or in the dominions inhabited by members of their own race, do not approve of its extension to dependencies of the Empire and to people of other races. In both cases the instinct at the back of their opposition is that of a hunter and exploiter. It is extremely amusing to watch the ex-Governors and Lieutenant-Governors of India opposing Home Rule for India, because of their great love and concern for the poor, dumb, illiterate ryot, and because of their solicitude for the welfare of Indian workers. We know it is a fact that when they were in power in their respective provinces in India, they vehemently opposed every measure which the educated leaders proposed in the interest of the masses, putting all kinds of excuses forward for their policy and using the very Brahmins they now denounce as their instruments in carrying out their policy."

Mr. Lajpatrai then proceeds to deal with the pseudo-arguments of "the illiteracy of the masses and the lack of political consciousness in them" and other similar excuses, on which the opposition to the scheme is based. He points out that education has been withheld from the masses on alleged financial grounds by Anglo-Indian administrators like Lord Sydenham and Sir John Hewett. And yet now they come forward conveniently to use the disability for their own purposes and pose as the champions of the masses. Says Mr. Lajpatrai: "The claim that it is the British official who always, or even generally, stands between the official Indian and the Indian ryot for the protection of the latter is preposterous." Moreover, the Government and their officials, he points out, always take the side of the the capitalist and the landlord and the poor ryot is always left alone. The nominations to various councils, he adds, proves his case. Finally, Mr. Lajpatrai says: "It is a pity that in this maze of heated controversy over irrelevant points, the real questions which matter should have so far been ignored. *What India needs is the power and opportunity* to educate her masses and to alleviate their poverty—both of which the white Brahmins have failed to achieve. The illiteracy and the poverty of the Indian masses are admitted. The question is: How to do away with them. The Sydenhams and Hewitts have been tried and have failed. There can be no guarantee that their successors will do better. *The only remedy is to give Indians a chance to do it for themselves.*"

Notes of the Day.

The Health of the City.

The health of the City is again giving cause for considerable anxiety. During the last week no less than 1,036 deaths were recorded as compared with the 681 registered during the previous week. This abnormal rise has continued, as may be seen from the fact that the latest figures recorded for a day are 246, which means an increase of 162 over the normal mortality. The alarming feature is the growing virulence of cholera which claimed 173 attacks and 60 deaths on Sunday. That there was an equal number of deaths from this disease during the last week is an index of its virulence. Apart from this, the influenza epidemic also shows signs of recrudescence.

A Serious Situation.

The City thus is faced with a situation which may assume a very grave aspect, and we trust that in meeting it the lessons of the last epidemic will not be lost and both Municipal authorities and voluntary agencies will act readily on the principle of "to be forewarned is to be forearmed." Meanwhile we draw attention to the communiqué published elsewhere and issued by Dr. Turner regarding the precautions which everyone should take with a view to prevent the spread of cholera. The communiqué, however, is not enough. We should have liked to know what practical measures the Municipal authorities have already taken to check the spread of this fell disease.

Freedom of the Seas.

There are few questions of international politics in regard to which there has been such loose talk as on that of the freedom of the seas. That question is of vital importance to the safety of the British Empire and consequently of the world Britain has, therefore, decisive views on it. But in the expression of these views British politicians have been generally neither clear nor happy—with the result that the British attitude, it is reported, has not been adequately understood by President Wilson, who also has emphatic views on the subject and there is a possiblity of unnecessary misunderstanding growing up between America and Britain. It was time, therefore, that the British attitude on the question was defined with clearness and authority.

Lord Grey's Timely Pronouncement.

Few statemen are so well qualified for this difficult task as Viscount Grey and his intervention is as timely as his pronouncement is adequate and dignified. There was no need, as he points out, to anticipate difficulty about an agreement regarding the meaning of the freedom of the seas until President Wilson came to discuss it with the British Government. As regards the freedom of the seas in peace time there is no difference, though Lord Grey has done well to draw attention to the fact that "we never used British naval power in peace time to make use of the seas easier for ourselves without making it simultaneously easier for others on the same terms." As regards war time, the question is one of practical wisdom and Lord Grey pertinently points out that it is an insult to suggest that the United States—which co-operated in making the blockade against Germany complete, a co-operation without which we might have lost the war,—will in future advocate any course inconsistent with the complete blockade of the offending Power. Finally, Lord Grey correctly sums up President Wilson's attitude when he says that probably President Wilson's idea is that the freedom of the seas should be secured to any nation observing the convention of the League of Nations and denied to any nation breaking that covenant. Which means that the establishment of a League of Nations is the solution of this as of other questions which have hitherto been the causes of international differences and jealousies.

Women and Election.

The election which is now proceeding apace in Britain has been described as the most momentous that has ever been held. In no respect, however, is it more so than in the fact that for the first time the Parliament which will meet will not be merely a man-elected one. This morning's telegram says that the astonishing feature everywhere on the polling day was the eagerness of women to vote. This is strikingly demonstrated by the fact that the proportion of women to men in one London division was ten to one; while the proportion in Hammersmith was fifty to one. Having regard to the fact that there are six million women voters out of a total of sixteen million, these figures are very revealing, indicating as they do the earnestness of British women to take their proper share in shaping the destiny of their country. This is a happy angury that the destiny will be well directed.

Trade in the Near East.

The formation of a big British company, called the Levant Company, Limited, with a capital of a million sterling, for the extension of British trade in the Near East, must put Indian merchants on the alert. In the Near East, India has immense scope for developing trade relations and interests. The splendid opportunity of establishing these relations and interests should not be lost by Indian merchants. British merchants have been quick enough to float a large company for the extension and development of British trade in the Near East. Should not Indian merchants profit by this object-lesson in promptitude and commercial enterprise?

Advance Mysore!

According to the Madras papers, the Government of Mysore have given effect to the regulation for the separation of judicial from executive functions in the districts of Bangalore and Shimoga. If the present scheme succeeds, it will be extended throughout the State. Under the wise and statesmanlike guidance of Sir Visvesvaraiya, Mysore has undergone many progressive constitutional and administrative changes. The separation of judicial from executive functions is a step in the right direction. This reform has been unnecessarily and deliberately postponed in British India. Although so early as 1886, Lord Dufferin designated the proposal for the separation of judicial from the executive functions as "a counsel of perfection" and in 1889, a petition signed by such eminent lawyers as the Rt. Hon. Sir Richard Garth, Rt. Hon. Lord Hobhouse, Rt. Hon. Sir Richard Couch, Sir Charles Markbey, Sir W. Wedderburn, M.P., and Mr. Herbert J. Reynolds, was sent to the Secretary of State for the institution of this reform and although the National Congress has been demanding it for years, the reform has not yet come. The Baroda State has instituted this reform. Mysore moved in the matter some time ago and it now proposes to give effect to the regulations in the two districts of Bangalore and Shimoga. The Indian States are moving, but the Government of India still remains unmoved in the matter. In the words of Sir Pherozeshah Mehta, "We are sick of the delay that has taken place" in this matter. The Government of India must take a lesson from the Indian States and inaugurate this reform.

Official and Personal.

Their Excellencies Sir George and Lady Lloyd have accepted an invitation from the members of the Willingdon Sports Club to a dinner and dance at the Willingdon Sports Club on Saturday the 21st instant.

The Visitors' Books of H. E. the Governor and Lady Lloyd will be at the Secretariat and at the Walkeshwar Lodge, Government House, between 10 a.m. and 6 p.m., daily (except Sundays) from Tuesday, 17th December, 1918.

Mr. E. A. S. Bell from E. B. Ry. becomes Agent, N. W. Ry., vice Sir Robert Gales proceeding on leave at the end of this month preliminary to retirement.

AIRSHIPS TO BE FITTED WITH SALOONS.

SPEED TO BE 100 MILES PER HOUR

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 12.
Recd. 4-55 p.m., Dec. 16.

The Civil Aerial Transport Committee states that in the immediate future the commercial airship offers great advantages over the aeroplane particularly concerning passengers where comfort, ease of navigation, safety and high ratio of disposable lift are vital considerations. The airships now exist with the range of over four thousand miles at the speed of 78 miles per hour but by running the engines more slowly the maximum range is 8,000 miles.

Under the first speed, Capetown is to-day aerially only a little over three days from Southampton, while this ship could fly the Atlantic passage and return without a stop. The Committee points out that in future the airship will soon develop the speed of 9 hundred miles per hour. It will be fitted with saloons and state-rooms, with a lift to the roof-garden and it will be able to remain in the air for over a week.

EMIR FEISUL'S STAY IN ENGLAND.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 10.
Recd. 7 p.m., Dec. 16.

Emir Feisul will stay in England for a fortnight and will present the respects of the King of Hedjaz to the King.

General Faie who accompanies the Emir, is a native of Bagdad and commanded the Flying column of the Arabs which co-operated with General Allenby's right wing in September last so well that General Allenby gave him the prestige of being the first to enter Damascus and Aleppo at the head of his column.

P. AND O. CO.

NEW SHIPS UNDER CONSTRUCTION

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 11.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., Dec. 16.

At the P. and O. meeting Lord Incheape stated that the Company had just arranged for the construction of two large mail steamers by Harland and Wolff and three steamers for branch lines by Messrs. Caird. Orders would be placed with other builders as soon as they were able to undertake mercantile work.

B. I. S. N. COMPANY.

12 P. C. DIVIDEND DECLARED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 11.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., Dec. 16.

The British India report for the year ending September 30th, shows a profit of £222,700, dividend of twelve per cent. free of tax and £20,231 carried forward.

Three steamers were lost and two seriously damaged. One ship of 8,258 tons was added to the fleet. Arrangements are being made to bring the fleet to former standard.

THE GENERAL ELECTION.

FORECAST IMPOSSIBLE.

FAILURE OF PROXY VOTING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 16.
Recd. 11-45 p.m., Dec. 16.

Apart from the strength of the women's vote, the uncertainty of the soldiers' vote makes it impossible to forecast individual results.

The soldiers of Britain have polled strongly. The returning officers have received sacks of ballot papers from the camps prior to December 14th and the soldiers still have a few days to vote. Hence candidates most assured of a local triumph, admit that the soldiers may rupset their calculation.

The proxy voting on behalf of sailors and soldiers abroad has apparently been failure.

EAGERNESS OF WOMEN TO VOTE.

COMPLETE ABSENCE OF DISORDER AT POLLING.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 15.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., Dec. 16.

There was complete absence of disorder at the polling yesterday, except for a slight scuffle between Sinn Feiners and Nationalists at Tipperary.

The astonishing feature everywhere was the eagerness of women to vote. The proportion of women to men in one London division was ten to one, while it is asserted that the proportion in Hammersmith was fifty to one.

SUGGESTION TO EXTEND OCCUPIED AREA.

GERMAN REQUEST REFUSED BY ALLIES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 12.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., Dec. 16.

According to the "Matin" the German delegates at Treves not only asked for an extension of the Armistice, but for an extension of the area occupied by the Allies in order to 'assist German authorities,' but the Allies refused the latter request which, it is pointed out, was intended to induce the Allies to embark on a much wider military scheme, with resulting complications and difficulties.

The "Echo de Paris" utters a warning against German assertions that the Allies contemplate occupying the whole of Germany and points out that the German Government would have much to gain from the difficulties which would result for the Allies.

ERZBERGER COMPLAINS OF INCREASED SEVERITY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 15.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., Dec. 16.

PARIS.—Erzberger read to the Armistice Commission a declaration complaining of the increased severity of the Allies' conditions and their failure to revictual Germany and demanding the raising of the blockade, liberation of war prisoners and immediate opening of peace negotiations.

BRITISH OCCUPATION OF HELIGOLAND.

"GERMANY MUST BE PREPARED."

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 16.
Recd. 11-45 p.m., Dec. 16.

A message from Kiel states that it is reported that Admiral Browning has intimated that Germany must be prepared for the British occupation of Heligoland, unless the naval terms of the armistice are carried out.

BELGIAN ADVANCE IN RHINELAND.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 15.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., Dec. 16.

A Belgian communique says: Our Rhine front was extended yesterday from Ossenberg to Wesel bridge.

FRENCH REGIMENT OCCUPIES WIESBADEN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 15.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., Dec. 16.

PARIS.—A telegram from Berne says the German papers state that a French regiment has occupied Wiesbaden.

ALLIED MILITARY WORKERS IN BELGIUM.

PROVISIONS TO BE CARRIED VIA SCHELDT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 16.
Recd. 11-45 p.m., Dec. 16.

A message from Brussels states that the Belgian Government has notified Holland that the war material and provisions for military workers from France and England will be brought to Belgium via Scheldt.

The note says that Holland cannot object in view of the Dutch permission that the retreating Germans might traverse Limburg.

PRESIDENT WILSON IN PARIS.

A MAGNIFICENT WELCOME

MADE 'CITIZEN OF PARIS'

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, Dec. 15.
Recd. 12-30 p.m., Dec. 16.

The Havas Agency states that the sentiment with respect to the chief representative and spokesman of the American people, is one of intense gratitude for the decisive part which America under the President's wise and firm guidance played in the work of crushing German militarism.

It is significant that the President will visit the devastated regions: there could be no better preparation for the Peace Conference than seeing the razed villages, demolished factories and desolate, wastes and gathering information regarding German reprisals and wrongs committed.

MARSHAL JOFFRE ON FRANCE'S GRATITUDE.

The Paris City Council amid enthusiastic cheers yesterday conferred on President Wilson the title of Citizen of Paris. Marshal Joffre said he was thankful for what President Wilson could still do; also grateful for thousands of Frenchmen spared by the entry of the United States into war.

President Wilson, replying to M. Pichon's address of welcome at Brest, said it was a privilege to come to France and contribute to peace, enabling the world again to move forward on the path of progress.

POPULAR ENTHUSIASM.

The arrival in Paris this morning was magnificent. The city had never seen such crowds voicing their enthusiasm for the head of a foreign state. President Wilson smilingly acknowledged the cheers during the run from the station to Prince Murat's house.

NEED FOR GUARANTEED PEACE.

PRESIDENT WILSON'S APPRECIATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, Dec. 15.
Recd. 4-35 p.m., Dec. 16.

President Wilson's arrival in Paris yesterday, was marked by scenes of unprecedented enthusiasm. He was rapturously welcomed by Paris which voiced the expression of the ties binding the two greatest republics. No head of a foreign state has ever met with such a reception. The weather had cleared.

At midday President Wilson was the guest at a luncheon at the Elysee. President Poincare said that the peace must be the reparation for the past and guarantee against perils of the future.

President Wilson's first public utterance in Paris embodied the thought of a guaranteed peace which all civilization awaits. After expressing horror at the ruin wrought by the brutal enemy, President Wilson said: "I appreciate the necessity for such an action in the final settlement of the war as will not only rebuke such acts of terror and spoliation but will make men everywhere aware that they cannot be ventured upon without the certainty of just punishment."

The French press commenting on the speech says that the whole problem of peace conditions is embodied in the above sentence.

FRENCH PLENIPOTENTIARIES AT PEACE CONFERENCE.

MARCEL HUTIN'S FORECAST.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 15.
Recd. 11-45 p.m., Dec. 16.

PARIS.—M. Marcel Hutin forecasts that the French plenipotentiaries to the Peace Conference will be M. Clemenceau, M. Pichon Marshal Foch and M. Leon Bourgeois, who is a specialist regarding the League of Nations and also regarding the Tardieu Commission for Franco-American relations.

DELEGATES FROM INDIA ARRIVE IN LONDON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 15.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., Dec. 16.

The Indian delegates to the Peace Conference have arrived in London

JAPANESE DELEGATES START FOR PEACE CONFERENCE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 15.
Recd. 11-45 p.m., Dec. 16.

TOKIO.—The Japanese delegates to Peace Conference have started for Paris via San Francisco.

SMUTS RESIGNS FROM WAR CABINET.

PALESTINE COMMAND DECLINED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 16.
Recd. 11-45 p.m., Dec. 16.

According to the "Daily Express" General Smuts has resigned from the War Cabinet because the war has ended. General Smuts was offered, but declined the Palestine command before General Allenby.

"JINNAH PEOPLE'S MEMORIAL HALL."

PEOPLE'S ONE RUPEE FUND.

The public, in response to the appeal we published yesterday, have begun to send subscriptions to the Hon. Treasurers of the Jinnah People's Memorial Fund The Honorary Treasurers have already received an anonymous contribution of Rs. 5,000 besides many other smaller amounts which will be announced in due course. The following further amounts have been received in this office:—

C. G. Shah and others	Rs. 41.
S. T. Sarma	Re. 1.

[Acknowledged yesterday.]

PRE H O'ERS.

	Rs.
Through Mr. D. H. Shah	5
Vithadas Loretichand	5
Kevalchand Naranjee Sheth	7
Kersondas Gocuidas	11
Maneklal Mulji	15
Nagurchand Uttamchand	2
Hargowan Chhaganlal	1
Chandulal Chimanlal	2
Nawalchand Chhaganlal	1
Lalubhai Mathurbhai	1
Dwarkadas Kanji	25
Dahyabhai Hemchand Shah	25
K. K. Kothari	30
Pragjee Mulji	3
Parshotam Nanjee	5
Through Mr. L. Ratansi	20
Laxmidas Ratansi	5
Pranlal Nagindas	5
Gamanlal Nagindas	5
Javerilal Maganlal	5
Dalal and Mehta	50
M. H. Shroff and others	20
M. H. Shro and others	20
Vallabhdas Damodar	1
Baldeo Chhabildas	1
Chanllal Maganlal	1
Naranji Purshottam Sangani	5
N. S. Satyawadi	1
Two Lady Students	2
Ushabhai D. Patel	25
C. G. Shah and others	41
S. T. Sarma	1

OFFERS OF FREE SERVICE.

Messrs. Dalal and Mehta have made the following offer of free service for the construction of the Hall in addition to the subscription of Rs. 50 already acknowledged. They write:—

It was with great pleasure that we read in to-day's issue of "The Bombay Chronicle" that a Memorial Hall to be named the Jinnah People's Memorial Hall', is to be erected to commemorate the democratic victory by the people on the 11th December last and that a fund has been started for the same. We hereby beg to send you a cheque for Rs. 50 as our humble contribution to the said fund and further with great pleasure, we offer ourselves as architects to design, execute and supervise the work free of any professional charges. Anticipating the acceptance of our offer.—Yours, etc.,

DALAL AND MEHTA.

Fort, 16th December.

JINNAH PEOPLE'S MEMORIAL FUND.

FORMATION OF COMMITTEE.

A meeting of sympathisers of the One Rupee Jinnah Peoples' Memorial Hall Fund will be held to-day at 5 p.m., at the Office of Mr. V. A. Desai at 72, Apollo Street, Fort, to appoint a Committee to carry on the work.

Those interested are requested to be present.

MR. LAM'S SUGGESTION.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I hope you will kindly allow a small space in your valued paper. In your yesterday's issue you have published a letter from your correspondent Mr. B. D. Lam and I wish to say that I quite agree with him. There is no doubt now at least from the information received from all quarters that the Counter-Requisitionists have won a brilliant victory over their opponents, under the excellent and courageous leadership of Mr. Jinnah. Mr. Jinnah, for his heroic stand in the struggle certainly deserves our great appreciation and work of the service rendered by him to that great cause of democracy and for proving that right is might and not might is right. A Rupee Fund should at once be started and all those who wish to contribute towards it may come forward and let the world know that the Indians do love and adore their true leaders like Mr. and Mrs. Jinnah, Mr. Horniman, Seth Jamnadas and others who gallantly stood with our hero and not those who act by words and lip sympathy. I send you my subscription.—Yours, etc.

CHOKSEY.

Poona, Dec. 14.

A POPULAR PROPOSAL.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—At this time when all the people are out to thank their leaders for the steadfast stand they made during the severe trial through which we had to pass on and a few days before the 11th instant, please permit me also to add a word or two by way of a suggestion in connection with what Mr. Lam writes in your issue of the 13th instant about a memorial being raised to the Hon. Mr. Jinnah for his splendidly brave and patriotic leadership at a time when the voice and prestige of the Bombay Democracy, in one sense, and of the Indian Democracy, on the other hand, was at stake.

I am in complete agreement with Mr. Lam in his desire to vote a souvenir to Mr. Jinnah, but I propose that that souvenir should assume the form of the "Public Hall," the need for which Mr. Jinnah had once tried to emphasize upon his audience on an occasion of equal, if not of greater importance and significance. The urgency of this necessity was, if my memory does not play me false, also advocated and supported by you in one of your leaderettes.

I have spoken about this proposal about the "Hall" to many of my friends, and besides conceding that it will be more in compliance and keeping with the demands of the situation, they have consented and assured to contribute towards the fun their mite, so that, if worked upon, the proposal will be at the same time a Citizens' Memorial.—Yours, etc.,

SINCERITY.

Bombay, Dec. 13.

JINNAH HALL.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I read with great interest the suggestion made by your correspondent Mr. B. D. Lam in to-day's issue of the "Bombay Chronicle", to raise a memorial to Hon. Mr. Jinnah.

Some months ago Mr. Jinnah regretted the lack of a public hall which will accommodate at least 5,000 people when he was the President of a meeting at Shantaram's Chawl and you also raised your powerful voice at that time. I beg to suggest that a public hall be raised called "Jinnah Hall" and this will really be an everlasting memorial and a fitting tribute to Mr. Jinnah.—Yours, etc.,

D. V. SIDHAYE.

Girgaum, Dec. 13.

SUPPORT TO RUPEE MEMORIAL.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—It was with very great pleasure that I read the suggestion made by one of your correspondents that a memorial should be raised in honour of our beloved leader the Hon. Mr. Jinnah and his brave wife out of a rupee fund that should be started in (and even out of) the City of Bombay. The subscription to be paid by one person shall be strictly *a rupee* so that the memorial shall be *purely* democratic, the number of rupees collected being a sure index to the number of ardent appreciators of the services rendered on the 11th instant. If any person desires to pay more, he should do so by enabling the many self-respecting citizens—who alone have and shall have appreciated the decisive blow our leader dealt to toadyism and bureaucratic insolence—that have not the means to pay what they would have been only anxious to pay.

For my part, I am ready to send in my rupee as soon as I learn such a fund is really started and to whom the rupee is to be sent.—Yours, etc.

P. R. LELE.

Bombay, Dec. 14.

FEARLESS MRS. JINNAH.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The suggestion of your correspondent Mr. B. D. Lam in connection with presenting Mr. Jinnah with a souvenir is quite to the point and ought to be taken up seriously and in good earnest by the several admirers of Mr. Jinnah.

But, Sir, one thing puzzles me. Is not Mrs. Jinnah also worthy of a souvenir? Were not her inspiring lecture and her bold answer to Mr. Vincent, enough to award her a souvenir, as a genuine mark of our appreciation of her unselfish work?

Sir, I speak for Mrs. Jinnah, not because I admire Mr. Jinnah's boldness less, but because I admire Mrs. Jinnah's courage more.—Yours, etc.

J. D. M.

Bombay, Dec. 13.

TO THOSE WHO BORE THE BRUNT.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I have read with interest the suggestion made in your paper that a public address be voted to Mr. Jinnah. It is significant of how honest leadership can be appreciated. Without appearing for a moment to differ unnecessarily, I beg to suggest that a public address should be voted to all those gallant anti-Requisitionists who were inside the Hall at great risk and the Hon. Mr. Jinnah as their leader should receive it.—Yours, etc.,

"KAUSIKA."

Bombay, Dec. 14.

FREEDOM OF THE SEAS.

WHAT WILSON MEANS BY IT.

VISCOUNT GREY ON BRITISH ATTITUDE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 12.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., Dec. 16.

Viscount Grey, speaking at Dewsbury, said he saw no reason why the naval policies of Great Britain and the United States should not be comparatively easy, provided that the peoples on both sides were perfectly frank and did not allow misunderstandings to grow up regarding what each meant. A question closely connected was the question of the freedom of the seas, which was not a German but an American phrase. The Germans adopted it and used it for their own purposes in a sense and with an intention to which we could never agree, hence its unpopularity.

FREEDOM OF SEAS IN PEACE AND WAR.

There was no need to anticipate difficulty about an agreement regarding its meaning until President Wilson came to discuss it with our Government. If it meant the freedom of the seas in peace time, we agreed. The United States had some rule forbidding foreign ships to carry goods between the United States and the Philippines and some other countries had a similar rule. We never had such a rule and we ought to receive a little more recognition than we do for the fact that we never used British naval power in peace time to make use of the seas easier for ourselves without making it simultaneously easier for others on the same terms.

If it was a question of the freedom of the seas in war time, Viscount Grey pointed out that the United States had cooperated in making the blockade complete and without such cooperation we might have lost the war. It was impossible that the United States should now take up the line that, if we again had to deal with Germany, a blockade could not be allowed. That would stultify everything done in this war. It was an insult to suggest that the United States would in future advocate any course inconsistent with the complete blockade of the offending Power.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS THE TRUE SOLUTION.

Probably President Wilson's idea was that the freedom of the seas should be secured to any nation observing the convention of the League of Nations and denied to any nation breaking that covenant. If so, then the League of Nations was the solution of the whole question.

SOVIET REGIME IN RUSSIA.

ABANDONMENT HEATEDLY DISCUSSED BY BOLSHEVIST LEADERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 15.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., Dec. 16.

STOCKHOLM.—The Swedish naval attache in Petrograd has arrived here. He says that the Bolshevist leaders heatedly discussed the question of abandoning the entire Soviet regime. Lenin favoured the abandonment and Trotsky opposed it. The latter secured a small majority for holding out to the last.

COUNT CZERNIN INTERVIEWED.

AUSTRIA'S DESPERATE EFFORTS TO GET OUT OF WAR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 12.
Recd. 1-15 p.m., Dec. 16.

NEW YORK.—A correspondent of the Associated Press has interviewed Count Czernin, late Foreign Minister, in Vienna. Count Czernin said Austria in 1917 made desperate efforts to get out of the war, even to the extent of offering Galicia, which is the richest coal and oil province of the Empire, to Germany if the latter would surrender Alsace-Lorraine, but Germany rejected this proposal.

Ludendorff was even willing to declare war against Austria, if the latter made separate peace.

DON COSSACKS DEFEAT BOLSHEVISTS.

TWO DAYS' BATTLE AT NOVOCHOPERSK.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 15.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., Dec. 16.

STOCKHOLM.—A telegram from Kieff says the Don Cossacks defeated the Bolshevists in a two days' battle at Novochopersk in the Government of Voronesh, taking 1,100 prisoners and 21 guns.

ELECTIONS OF AUSTRIAN NATIONAL ASSEMBLY.

EX-EMPEROR KARL TO BE A CANDIDATE

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 16.
Recd. 11-45 p.m., Dec. 16.

According to a message rom Vienna it is stated that Ex-Emperor Karl intends to be a candidate in the forthcoming elections to the Austrian National Assembly.

DANISH TORPEDO BOAT STRIKES MINE

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 15.
Recd. 11-45 p.m., Dec. 16.

STOCKHOLM.—A Danish torpedo-boat struck a minet. Seven of the crew were killed and four wounded.

PRESIDENT OF PORTUGAL ASSASSINATED.

ASSASSIN LYNCHED BY CROWD.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 15.
Recd. 11-45 p.m., Dec. 16.

LISBON.—The President of Portugal, Major Sidonio Paes, was assassinated at midnight while going to the railway station en route for Oporto. Three revolver bullets hit President Paes. The infuriated crowd lynched the assassin. President Paes died at the ambulance station.

THEIR MAJESTIES' CONDOLENCES.

FORMATION OF PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 16.
Recd. 11-45 p.m., Dec. 16.

Their Majesties' deep regrets at the assassination of President Paes have been conveyed to the Portuguese Legation.

The Legation announced that a Provisional Government has been formed under the presidency of Senhor Castro, Minister of Marine and Foreign Affairs. The Parliament will meet on December 16th.

SECRET CROWN COUNCIL AT POTSDAM.

HAASE'S DENIAL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 15.
Recd. 11-45 p.m., Dec. 16.

COPENHAGEN.—According to a Berlin message, Haase stated that the secret documents of the German Foreign Office did not confirm the existence of a secret Crown Council at Potsdam.

The first portion of the documents dealing with the events leading to the German invasion of Belgium would be published shortly.

NEW SEAMEN'S COUNCIL AN HAMBURG.

DEMANDS CONTROL OF ENTIRE MERCANTILE FLEET.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 16.
Recd. 11-45 p.m., Dec. 16.

COPENHAGEN.—A new Seamen's Council has been formed in Hamburg. It demands the control of the entire mercantile fleet and threatens to sink every ship unless all its demands are met.

Further rioting is reported from Hamburg owing to the refusal of the British to negotiate with the Seamen's Council.

GERMAN SOVIETS.

ALLIES' REFUSAL TO RECOGNISE THEM.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 15.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., Dec. 16.

AMSTERDAM.—A telegram from Berlin says the newspapers assert that Marshal Foch told the Kreuznach Soviet, who asked for facilities for the journey of delegates through the occupied regions to the Berlin congress of soviets, that the Allies did not recognise the soviets.

SPARTACUS GROUP'S PROGRAMME.

AN UTOPIAN SCHEME.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 15.
Recd. 8-15 a.m., Dec. 16.

A telegram from Berlin says the Spartacus group's programme includes disarmament of all non-proletarian forces, formation of workers' militia and Red Guard, abolition of all officers and non-coms, replacement of all authorities of the former regime by representatives of Soviets, abolition of all parliaments and councils and election of a Central Council which will elect and control the Executive Council, cancellation of all public debts above a fixed amount of subscriptions, expropriation of all landed estates, banks and large factories, and confiscation of all fortunes above a fixed amount.

LEDEBOUR WITHDRAWS HIS CANDIDATURE.

HIS DISAGREEMENT WITH INDEPENDENT SOCIALIST PARTY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, Dec. 15.
Recd. 11-45 p.m., Dec. 16.

A message from Geneva states that Ledebour has withdrawn from the Independent Socialist party as he disagrees with the party's attitude towards the German Cabinet.

FRENCH DEMOBILISATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
PARIS, Dec. 15.
Recd. 7 p.m., Dec. 16.

The Havas Agency states: The Under Secretary for Demobilisation states that 1,200,000 men will be sent home before February.

BOMBAY'S NEW GOVERNOR.

RIVAL OF R GEORGE LLOYD.

REPLY TO MUNICIPAL WELCOME

Bombay was astir before sunrise yesterday, and long before eight o'clock every available point of vantage along the main road in the Fort was packed with faces determined to catch first sight of Sir George Ambrose Lloyd and Lady Lloyd who landed in Bombay at a little earlier than 8-30 a.m. The eager crowds on both sides of the thoroughfares, through which their Excellencies drove, were supplemented by groups of figures at every window of houses along the route, craning their necks to have a glimpse of the new Governor. First impressions go a long way and the first impression created by Sir George Ambrose and Lady Lloyd as they stepped ashore, was at once flattering to their exalted position in Bombay.

Soon after the Chyebassa shut off steam at her anchorage in the harbour, the vessels in the stream and in the different docks were dressed as if by magic in honour of the distinguished personage, who has been appointed by His Majesty the King-Emperor to guide the destinies of the people of the Bombay Presidency. If Bombay has appropriately been termed "Bombay the Beautiful", this well-merited tribute was supported in no small measure by the picturesque appearance of one of the finest harbours in the world, on the occasion of the new Governor's arrival. It was a misty morning, but the rising sun dispelled the lingering haze, the sprightly Government launch Diamond, heaved off from the Apollo Bunder, and out her way briskly over the placid stream to the Chyebassa, taking with her a deputation consisting of Mr. Crerar, Chief Secretary to Government, Captain McEwan, Officiating Military Secretary and an A.D.C. to the Governor. Meanwhile, the gorgeous pandal erected at the Apollo Bunder, presented a scene of bewildering magnificence, crammed as it was with several ladies in their daintiest hats and frocks, and gentleman in variegated attire. Verily did the variety of political uniforms, the academic robes, the spotless white of the Navy and the sombre black donned by the Civilian, the serviceable khaki of the Military, passing and re-passing a line of Ruling Chiefs, suggest the operations of coloured threads in a shuttle. And while the beauty, valour and administrative strength of the Bombay Presidency had settled down in their places, the troops in Bombay and the police took possession of the street leading from the Apollo Bunder to the Floral Fountain. On both sides were the South Staffords to begin with, then came to the 4th Group Bombay Artillery looking every inch a body of heroes, the Bombay Battalion I.D.F., the G. I. P. Railway and B. B. & C. I. Railway Forces, I.D.F., and most picturesque of all, the Bombay Scottish with their fifes and drummer. The Governor's handsome bodyguard, and the stern-faced Bombay Light Horse were at the Apollo Bunder early to form the new Governor's escort. Within the pandal, a guard-of-honour of the South Staffords, with Band and Colours was drawn up.

THE LANDING.

The Diamond returned to the Apollo Bunder at about 8-15 and she drifted gaily away from the Chyebassa, the roar of cannon from ashore was heard. The Royal Garrison Artillery fired a salute of seventeen guns. A few minutes later their Excellencies Sir George and Lady Lloyd, with their Staff, stepped ashore and were welcomed on the landing stage by the members of the Governor's Executive Council, his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief of his Majesty's ships and vessels, East Indies Station, the Lord Bishop of Bombay, the Director of the Royal Indian Marine, the General Officer Commanding Poona Division, and the General Officer Commanding Bombay Brigade. Sir George and Lady Lloyd were full of smiles on landing, and so was their little son, who was taken charge of by Major Greig, Military Secretary. Sir George was dressed in a grey frock suit, displaying his insignia, and wearing a white topee. Lady Lloyd looked a vision of beauty in a gown of soft white material, and wearing a hat adorned in front with a bunch of white roses.

THE MUNICIPAL ADDRESS.

Entering the pandal, their Excellencies were introduced by the Chief Secretary to Government to the assembled Chiefs first, and then were presented the members of Council, Civil, Military and Naval Officers, Foreign Consuls and members of the Municipal Corporation, with each of whom both Sir George and Lady Lloyd shook hands.

At the end of the presentations, Mr. Rahimtoola Currimbhoy, Chairman of the Municipal Corporation, stepped before their Excellencies, and read the Municipal Address which was eventually enclosed in a magnificent casket wrought in gold and silver.

SIR GEORGE LLOYD'S REPLY.

His Excellency the Governor, on rising to reply, said in clear, impressive tones, suggestive of Parliamentary oratory:—

Mr. President and members of the Municipal Corporation of Bombay.

I thank you very warmly indeed for the very kind terms in which you have greeted me on my arrival here and for the welcome you have given to Lady Lloyd. I have had the pleasure of visiting this great City several times before and it is a source of pride and satisfaction to me to be able to renew my acquaintance with it at so auspicious a moment in the history of the whole Empire. This is, however, Lady Lloyd's first visit to Bombay, and in asking you to accept both on her behalf as well as my own our very sincere thanks to you for what you have said, I should like to assure you of Lady Lloyd's keen desire to devote her fullest energies and sympathies to the assistance of those many benevolent and social organisations which form so useful and prominent a part in the life of this City. (Cheers.)

I am deeply sensible of the high honour conferred upon me by his Majesty the King-Emperor in appointing me to this important post at the present time. For, as you have pointed out, the moment is a great one in which we are called upon to turn from the problems of war to the no less complex problems of peace and reconstruction. During the last four years the whole energies of our united Empire have been concentrated upon the task of defeating the designs of Germany and her Allies, and of warding off the menace which has threatened the life of all the peoples of the British Crown. In a few short weeks there has passed before our eyes a kaleidoscope of vast happenings in bewildering but splendid succession.

The essential facts that emerge are that our enemies are routed and defeated; that their great Fleet is handed over and interned; that our Armies are across the Rhine and our gallant Allies restored to their lands. In this great task the Princes and peoples of India have poured out blood and treasure for the common cause with a gallantry and a generosity that has not only deeply moved the whole Empire, but which has scored an ineffaceable mark in history. It must be a matter of pride to you that in so great a performance the City of Bombay and this Presidency may claim to have played a leading part. (Cheers.) For from your City and from these wharves have gone much of the fighting material that played its part in Flanders, in East Africa, in Mesopotamia and Palestine, and in the hospitals of Bombay thousands broken in battle have been restored to life and health.

POLITICAL CHANGES IN INDIA.

We are closing a chapter of war and opening as we hope a chapter of lasting peace. You have called my attention to some of the difficult and anxious problems before us and notably to those great political changes contemplated in the Government of the Indian Empire heralded by the famous declaration of August 20th, 1917. The terms of that declaration have had and will continue to have my sincere and genuine support (cheers) and I express to-day the hope that I may rely upon the wisdom, patience and loyalty of the people of this Presidency in assisting me to discharge the great but complex tasks that lie before us.

I am aware of the great progressive works effected in past years by your Municipality and I have taken careful note of the representations you have made to me in regard to the extension of the franchise, the position and powers of the City Improvement Trust and the housing question. As regards the two former questions I must, until I have more detailed knowledge, confine myself to assuring you that these matters will have the most careful consideration at my hands.

The urgency of the housing question was brought before me before I left England and do all that is in my power to assist in the solution of this long standing difficulty. Each year that passes shows us more and more the pitiable waste both of infant and adult life consequent upon bad housing, bad sanitation and the like. I should like you to feel sure that in all sound measures of social reform you may confidently rely upon my sympathy and assistance.

INFLUENZA AND SCARCITY.

I am profoundly concerned to learn of the mortality caused by influenza in this City. I can assure you that it is my intention to and also to learn that there is a serious prospect of a shortage in food supplies in the Presidency. I am confident that my distinguished predecessor, who has already done so much for this Presidency, will in conjunction with his Government have done all that is possible to anticipate and alleviate the distress and it will be my earliest task to complete such arrangements as may be necessary for the augmentation and timely distribution of all available supplies.

Gentlemen, it is my earnest hope and belief that we have all of us learnt much from the common hardships, common sacrifices and common triumphs of the great war. Ideas which may have been thought peculiar to one people or another have been found common to us all; loyalties of words have been resanctified by loyalties proved, closer knowledge of each other learnt amid common dangers has cemented our diverse peoples with a new and a stronger bond than ever before. The splendid example which their Majesties have given to all their subjects has served still further to quicken the loyalty and devotion which India and the whole Empire feel for the Throne.

I know that in losing Lord and Lady Willingdon this Presidency is incurring a great loss (cheers) for by their whole-hearted devotion to the interests of this Presidency they have earned its esteem and affection. But, encouraged by your welcome and inspired by these beliefs it is my intention to try and follow with wisdom and energy the steps of my illustrious predecessors in your great Presidency, to deal fairly and straightforwardly with your affairs, and I pray that in so doing, I may secure the loyal assistance, confidence and esteem of those I am called upon to govern. (Cheers).

STATE DRIVE TO GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

Their Excellencies were next presented with lovely shower bouquets, and his Excellency having inspected the Guard-of-Honour, a move was made for the State carriage which was in readiness to convey them to Government House, under the escort of the Mounted Police, the Bombay Light Horse and the Bodyguard. All along the route, their Excellencies received an ovation from cheering and applauding crowds. On arrival at Government House, they were warmly welcomed by Lord and Lady Willingdon.

THE INCOMING & OUTGOING GOVERNORS & PARTY.

Photo by Fred Mitchell.

Sitting: From the left 3rd Lady Willingdon; Sir George Lloyd; Lord Willingdon; Lady Lloyd.

BOMBAY'S NEW GOVERNOR

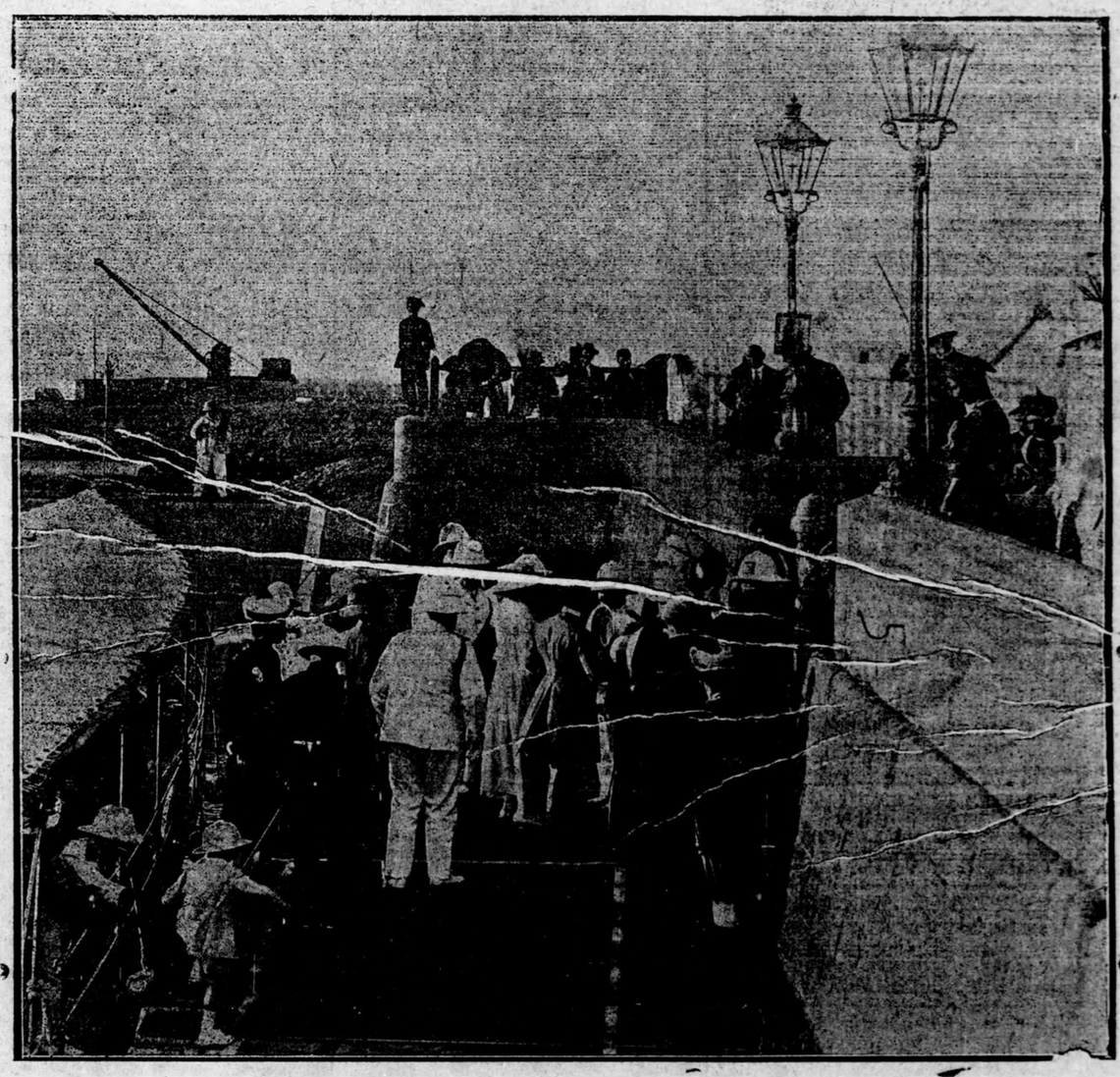

Photo by Fred. Mitchell.

THE LANDING.

Sir George and Lady Lloyd are seen here stepping up the pier at the Apollo Bunder

CITY FATHERS' WELCOME.

Photo by Fred. Mitchell.

Sir George is seen seated on the dais at the Apollo Bunder, listening to the Address of Welcome from the Bombay Municipal Corporation.

LORD AND LADY WILLINGDON'S DEPARTURE.

REPLY TO MUNICIPAL ADDRESS.

His Excellency the Right Hon. Sir Freeman Freeman-Thomas, Baron Willingdon of Ratton and Lady Willingdon took their departure in the S. S. Chanda from the Apollo Bunder at half-past seven yesterday evening. Having wished good-bye to their Excellencies Sir George and Lady Lloyd at Government House, Lord and Lady Willingdon drove away in state and proceeded via Walkeshwar Road, Chaupati, Sandhurst Bridge, Sandhurst Road, Parel Road, Kalbhadevi, Cruikshank Road, Hornby Road and Esplanade Road.

There was the usual pomp and ceremony that one is accustomed to see and connect with incoming and outgoing Governors. Their Excellencies were escorted to the Bunder by a detachment of Mounted Police, the Bombay Light Horse and the Bodyguard. All the Ruling Chiefs and Civil, Military, and Naval Officers in his Majesty's Service, including officers of the Indian Force, had assembled in the pandal on the Apollo Bunder at 5 o'clock to bid good-bye to Lord and Lady Willingdon. The usual procedure was adopted in connection with the military arrangements along the route extending from Flora Fountain to Bunder, where the usual honours were paid to the departing Governor by a Guard-of. Honour of the South Staffords whose Band struck up the National Anthem, while the Royal Garrison Artillery fired a salute of seventeen guns. Their Excellencies were garlanded and presented with boquets before they boarded the launch Diamond to sail the same evening by the S. S. Chanda.

The Municipal Address, was read out by Mr. Rahimtulla Currimbhoy, the President of the Municipal Corporation.

REPLY TO MUNICIPAL FAREWELL ADDRESS.

H. E. Lord Willingdon, in reply said:—

Mr. President and members of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay. In receiving your farewell address as the civic representatives of the capital town of the great Presidency over the Government of which it has been my honour and privilege to preside for nearly six years, I am affected as you will readily understand by a multitude of thoughts, memories and emotions which I find it almost impossible even to attempt to express. But among them all, two which are uppermost are a very deep sense of gratitude and a sense, not less deep and moving, of regret. I am full of gratitude to you, Gentlemen, for the most generous terms in which you have referred to myself and to my wife and for the appreciation you have expressed of the services which we have been able to render in the years during which we have lived and worked amongst you. May I recall to your minds some words of mine, which I used in reply to the address with which you welcomed us on our landing at this Bunder in April 1913? I said then "we are all fellow-citizens of a great Empire. It is in that spirit that I come amongst you to-day, determined to give my strength, my energies and all that is best in me to further the interests not only of your beautiful city but of every class and section of the people in the Bombay Presidency. I thank you for your loyal assurance of cordial co-operation with me and my Government in this great endeavour and I trust that with the help of Divine Providence, my term of office amongst you may prove to be a period of ever increasing prosperity, progress and happiness to all classes of the community."

Many of the hopes, which I then ventured to express, have been fulfilled in a manner and under circumstances which none of us at that time could possibly have anticipated. The term of my office has included the beginning and, I am happy to say, the end of the greatest war in history—greatest in respect of the blood and treasure and suffering it has cost, greatest in respect of the magnitude of the interests and the issues it involved and greatest in respect of the completeness of the victory which, by the grace of God, has finally crowned our efforts and our arms. (Applause.) I spoke then of our common citizenship of a great Empire and the war has demonstrated that solidarity in a manner which has been the consternation of our enemies and the astonishment even of our friends. And one result of the war, I devoutly hope and firmly believe, will be to consolidate that unity on the unassailable basis of the principles for which it has been waged, and in pursuance of which India will be placed on the road to the fullest participation in the

(Continued on page 5.)

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(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LUCKNOW, Dec. 16.

A crowded meeting of the citizens of Lucknow was held on Sunday evening (15th December) in the Rifah-I-Am Hall to demand the right of self-determination for India along with other countries in Europe at the time of the Peace Conference. Mr. Syed Nabiulla was voted to the chair.

Nawab Zulqadar Jung proposed the first resolution which ran as follow:—"Resolved that having regard to the fact that the great communities of India are the inheritors of ancient civilization and have shown great capacity for Government and administration, to the progress in education and public spirit made by them during a century of British rule and, further, having regard to the fact that the present system of Government does not satisfy the legitimate aspirations of the people and has become unsuited to the existing conditions and requirements and also, in conformity with the principle of self-determination, as enunciated by Mr. Lloyd George and also by President Wilson of the United States of America this meeting resolves that at the Peace Conference the claim of India to have the principle of self-determination applied to her be fully recognised so that she may be able to progress unhindered in building up her future constitution in accordance with her own wishes."

Rai Bahadur Dr. Ohdedar seconded the resolution. The Hon. Pandit Gokaran Nath Misra and Mr. Ranga Iyer supported it. It was then carried amidst great acclamation.

The next resolution, asking that copies of the aforesaid resolution be sent to the Viceroy, the Secretary of State for India, the Premier, President Wilson of America (through the Viceroy), Sir S. P. Sinha and the Maharaja of Bikaneer and the All-India Congress Committee was moved by Pandit Harkaran Nath Misra and passed unanimously.

AGENTS OF STATE RAILWAYS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 15.

The "Pioneer" says important changes among the Agents of the State Railways are about to take place. Sir Robert Gales, Agent North-Western Railway, proceeds on leave preparatory to retirement at the end of this month and Mr. E. A. S. Bell, at present, Agent, Eastern Bengal State Railway, will officiate for him.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. A. Cameron, Controller of Traffic is granted leave out of India and will be relieved by Mr. H. B. Holmes, the present Agent of the Oudh and Rohilkand Railway and Mr. G. Richards, Chief Engineer with the Railway Board, will officiate as the Agent, Oudh and Rohilkand Railway.

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, Dec. 14.

In view of the cessation of hostilities an old suggestion has been revived for the formation of an Indian Society or Institution of Engineers, and the opportunity is being taken of the joint meeting of English and American Electrical Engineers at Calcutta to discuss the question of formally inaugurating such an institution. The joint meeting will extend from the 29th of December to the 3rd of January, and it is hoped that as many engineers possible will assemble at Calcutta to discuss the merits of the new scheme. Sir Thomas Holland and a number of prominent engineers are interesting themselves in it.

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4. Bills will be repayable at maturity at the Presidency Banks of issue.

5. The Bill will be in the form appended. If the name of the payee be not filled in, the Bill will be paid to the bearer; it will otherwise be payable to the payee or his order.

6. Bills can be obtained during banking hours at the Head Offices of the Banks of Bengal, Bombay and Madras.

7. Applications for Bills will also be received at the branches of the Bank of Bengal at Cawnpore, Rangoon, Delhi and Lahore, and at the Karachi Branch of the Bank of Bombay. Transfers at par from these branches on the Head Office will be issued at above centres. Bills purchased at above centres will be paid at the branch of the Presidency Bank at which they were issued.

8. Brokerage at the rate of 1-16th per cent. on the face value of the Bill will be paid on any application submitted through any recognised broker. No brokerage will be paid in the case of Bills taken up direct by Banks.

9. The Government of India reserve the right at any time to vary the rates payable for any class of Bills, to fix a limit to the amount of Bills to be issued in any week, and to discontinue issues of any class or classes of Bills.

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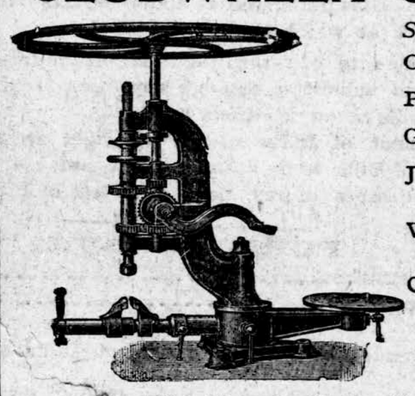

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